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THE CLASS OF 1901 P. S. C.

41ST Annual Commencement of Pennsylvania State College

FIFTY-ONE GRADUATES IN CLASS

Commencement Addresses by Hon. A. O. Furst, of Bellefonte, and Gen. Willis J. Hulings, of Oil City—The Junior Oratorical Contest.

THE ANNUAL ALUMNI DINNER

The Forty-first annual commencement of the Pennsylvania State College began Sunday morning with the preaching of the baccalaureate sermon by the Rev. Dr. Lawrence M. Coffelt, of the Oxford street Presbyterian church, Philadelphia. The College chapel was crowded to its capacity. Dr. Coffelt took for his subject "Personal Responsibility," his text being from Ezekiel, xviii, 20, "The son shall not bear the iniquity of the father, neither shall the father bear the iniquity of the son. The righteousness of the righteous shall be upon him and the wickedness of the wicked shall be upon him." Dr. Coffelt spoke in part as follows:

"There is a solidarity in human life. The generations are so bound together that each one of us is more or less the resultant of the past. On this fact theology has founded the doctrine of original sin, and science has based the principle of heredity. But this is only a half truth, and may be so exaggerated into a whole truth as to be turned into a lie. The thought I want to bring out is the individual responsibility of each man for his own sins.

"Notice first the disposition of men to relieve themselves of responsibility by putting in the plea of circumstance. Does a man perjure and use public or trust money for his private benefit he pleads the example of others; does a man take money from his business or mortgage his home and risk the ruin of his business or the beggary of his family in a cast of the dice on the stock exchange market, he pleads the custom of the times. These men plead that they are nouns of multitude. Because all men do just so it is not culpable in us.

"But while men may sin by wholesale they are punished by retail. Though a million of men act together in the commission of a transgression each man separately must give account to his conscience and his Maker, and bear not a millionth part of the guilt, but the whole guilt.

"It is an exceedingly fashionable habit at present to put upon society the responsibility of the individual man. Do men deliberately strike and reduce themselves to idleness, and does idleness bring its accustomed fruit of misery, it is the organization of society—the relation of capital that is at fault. Do the vicious congregate in the purlieus of the great cities, society is responsible and should provide better quarters.

"But if you take responsibility from the individual and shift it to society you must give society power to enforce that responsibility. That would make society a tyrant and abolish individual liberty. The foundation principle of civilization is that every man is competent of self control and responsible for his own doings.

"But a more subtle plea of irresponsibility is founded on the modern doctrine of heredity. A man is not responsible for being born with an unbalanced organization, and must go in the direction of his strongest faculties. The liar has justification in the imagination which colors and exaggerates every story that he relates; the drunkard is excusable because of the very configuration of his brain; the inherited weakness of his will power. These are a few of the pleas.

"They look as if they are rational, but they are not, for there is a universal consciousness that no matter how we are born we do have limited liberty. Admit that a man is so born that he cannot help drinking if he brings himself where it is, the fact remains that he is guilty for going where the cup that is irremediable is handed about. For men are responsible not only for their volitions, but for the conditions which render volitions inevitable.

"But there is one final proof that is overwhelming that heredity does not take away liberty. It is the simple fact that after so many thousands of years of practical experience men do not believe it and never act upon it. A man in the court of his conscience and in his dealings with God may condone his own offense and claim that he is so organized that he must do as he does, but in the great practical world and in his relations to his fellow-men he never ventures to plead the baby act."

Dr. Coffelt closed with an appeal to the students to carry this thought of personal responsibility into the great world into which they were about to plunge, in order to hew out their own fortunes.

MONDAY.

Monday afternoon the annual inter-class athletic contest took place on Beaver Field. The sports were largely attended and proved very interesting.

The Junior oratorical contest took place Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the beautiful chapel which was crowded to the doors with a large and appreciative audience. The judges for the occasion were

Ellis L. Orvis, Bellefonte; Ross W. Barrows, Lock Haven, and B. Franklin Keller, of Brantwell, W. Va. The program rendered was as follows:

Oration - The Stability of our Republic
Jonas Elwood Wagner, Houserville.

Oration - Individuality in National Affairs
Daniel Webster Strayer, York.

Oration - Hamilton and Jefferson
Alfred Harmer Herbert Miller, Philadelphia.

Oration - The Course of Empire
Herman Herbert Hanson, Manchester, N. H.

Oration - The Ages of Coal
Frank Zook Moore, Waynesboro.

Oration - Education and the Mass
Paul Edgar Smith, Lebanon.

The judge's decision awarded the first prize to Daniel Webster Strayer, of York, Pa., and the second prize to Paul Edgar Smith, of Lebanon, Pa. The decision gave general satisfaction.

TUESDAY.

Tuesday was a great day at State College and the proceedings were fraught with unusual interest. In the morning at 8:30 the annual meeting of the Alumni Association was held and B. Franklin Keller, of West Virginia, was elected president. Ellis L. Orvis Esq., of Bellefonte, was elected the Alumni trustee. At 2:30 p. m. the delegates and alumni met and the following trustees were elected: H. N. White, of Columbia; Andrew Carnegie, of Pittsburgh; John M. Greer, of Butler county, and W. F. Hill, of Westport, Crawford county. The only new one is Hill who succeeds Joel A. Herr.

ALUMNI DINNER.

The annual Alumni dinner held in the Armory Tuesday noon proved one of the most pleasing features of the week. The guests assembled in the main building at 11:45 and marched in a body to the armory where plates had been laid for 400 people and every seat was soon occupied. During the dinner the famous Stopper and Fisk orchestra, of Williamsport, rendered most delightful music. All the delicacies of the season were served by caterer Chas. F. Harrison, of Bellefonte, in his usual excellent style.

After doing justice to the excellent menu provided everyone was in good humor for the intellectual part of the program. Gen. James A. Beaver acted as toastmaster in his usual able manner and introduced the different speakers. First, however, Rev. W. F. Noble, of State College, invoked divine blessing on the proceedings and the graduating class sang their college song. Short addresses were then made by Judge John M. Greer, of Butler county; Dr. Lawrence M. Coffelt, who spoke of the progress made by the college; Prof. Fred L. Pattee, of State College faculty; B. Franklin Keller, of West Virginia, a member of the class of '76; and president George W. Atherton.

Tuesday evening the State College Thespians presented "Lend Me Five Shillings" and "David Garrick," before a large and delighted audience. The boys all acquitted themselves in good style and were highly complimented for their efforts.

WEDNESDAY.

The closing exercises of Commencement were held Wednesday morning in the chapel which was crowded as usual on such occasions. The beautiful hall was tastefully decorated with the national colors interspersed with the college and class colors. Potted plants, flowers and palms were placed around the stage in suitable places adding their beauty and fragrance to the occasion.

The faculty and trustees led by president Atherton took place on the left of the platform and the class of 1901, occupied the right. As they marched in to take their seats the audience cheered them heartily. The music for the occasion was furnished by the Stopper & Fisk orchestra. President Atherton presided and the following program was rendered:

Music, Overture, "Stradella" Plotow
Invocation: The Rev. L. M. Coffelt, D. D.
Oration - The First of His Race
George Abraham Elder.

Oration - The Future of the Pacific
Thomas Harrison Miller.

Music, Unfinished Symphony in B Minor Schubert.

Oration - Soldiers Three
Brooke Lindsay Moore.

Oration, with Valedictory, Labor and Capital
Albert Miles Arney.

Music, Prince Ananias - Victor Herbert
Commencement Addresses:

The Hon. A. O. Furst, Bellefonte.
Gen. Willis J. Hulings, Oil City.
Music, A Cavalry Charge (Descriptive)
Luders

Conferring Degrees and awarding prizes.
Music, March—Guard of Honor, Lehnhardt.

Wednesday evening the Juniors gave their annual farewell dance to Seniors in the armory which brought the Commencement to a most successful close.

One of the pleasing features of Tuesday was the battalion drill held at 4 o'clock on the campus which was reviewed by Gen. B. A. H. N. Clark, U. S. A., is the military instructor and deserves the greatest credit for the excellent showing made by the cadets. This was also the first appearance of the cadet band. The musical instruments were given them by Andrew Carnegie. They played in an ex-

Continued on Fifth Page.

STATE LEGISLATION.

That Disputed Roll Call a Subject of Much Discussion.

SPEAKER MARSHALL'S NEW RULING

House Can Only Approve or Disapprove of the Journal as a Whole—The Body Then Took Favorable Action.

FRANCHISE BILLS TO BE AMENDED

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 10.—The controversy over the roll call on the final passage of the Scranton hospital bill in the house on Friday was renewed at tonight's session by Mr. Creasy, of Columbia, moving to approve the Journal of that session with the exception of the vote on that bill. He followed his motion with a protest against the recording of the votes of Messrs. Beacom, Chew, Connell, Edwards, Fahy, Henderson, Kopp, Leib, McConnell, Reibel, Seal and Murphy, who were recorded as having voted in the affirmative, and some of whom, Mr. Creasy said, were not present when the vote was taken.

Speaker Marshall ruled that the house could only approve or disapprove the Journal as a whole, and that it could not act on a portion of the Journal. The Journal was approved by a vote of 83 to 24.

Mr. Hall, of Allegheny, said much of the trouble over the alleged inaccuracy was due to members leaving the city and requesting the clerk to mark them up on certain bills. Members could easily see where this practice would lead to if it was not checked. On the verification of the roll, if the clerk does not read the names of such members, he is put in the position of falsifying the roll. This is not just to the clerk nor to the house. Mr. Hall suggested to the clerk that they refuse to record the name of any member who is not present and answering to his name. If a member wants to vote on a bill, he continued, let him be here and vote when his name is called and there will be no further controversy over the roll.

Speaker Marshall stated that he had instructed the clerk to hereafter record no member who is not present at voting. It has been the custom ever since he has been a member to mark absent members on appropriation bills. But this must stop, and if the bill falls the responsibility rests with the members themselves and not with the clerk. Chief Clerk Garvin made a statement defending himself against the accusation that the roll call on the vote on the Scranton hospital bill was falsified. He said that he kept the roll himself and recorded no names which were not answered to. Mr. Cooper, of Delaware, offered the following concurrent resolution, which was adopted:

Whereas, the Delaware river is the only method of communication between the ports of Pennsylvania and the Atlantic ocean, and whereas, the congress of the United States has provided for a thirty foot channel at mean low water, and, therefore, be it resolved, that the congress of the United States be requested to make adequate appropriation of money to the war department to carry out the provisions of the act of congress establishing the depth of water at thirty feet at mean low water.

The following appropriation bills were reported from committee:

Homeopathic hospital, Pittsburgh, \$70,000; Curtis home, Pittsburgh, \$6,000; Pittsburgh Newsboys home, \$8,000; Allegheny General hospital, \$60,000.

Mr. Colville, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill to establish houses for neglected and dependent children in cities of the first and second class.

Mr. Henderson, of Allegheny, introduced a bill to regulate the practice of architecture and for the appointment of state board of examiners.

After clearing the calendar of first and second reading appropriation bills, the house adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Death From a Peculiar Cause.

Walter, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Reib, of Wellsboro, died a few days ago of blood poisoning. While wading in a creek he cut one of his feet, which began to swell, the inflammation spreading until the leg was swollen to three times its normal size. The leg was operated on and the pus removed. The other limb commenced to swell, and he became so weak that an operation was not deemed advisable. The poison gradually spread through his entire system until he died.

Epworth League Convention.

The Altoona District convention of the Epworth League which convened in Tyrone Thursday concluded its work Friday evening and adjourned.

An excellent address on "Church Loyalty" was delivered Friday afternoon by J. W. Royer, of Spring Mills. He said if we do not take pride in our church we had better get out of it, and urged upon members to obey the rules of the church, to attend the class meetings and the prayer meetings, assuring his hearers that there will be more saints in the pulpits if there are more in the pews, and emphasized the value of cordial hand-shaking. J. S. Williams, of Roaring Springs conducted an interesting school of methods of junior work, and gave an encouraging report of the work for the year. The total membership of the Junior League in the district is 2118; there were received into membership past year 412, and \$86.72 missionary money was gathered. Some valuable suggestions were given in the general discussion which followed.

Phillipsburg was unanimously selected as the place for the next meeting. The resolutions adopted follow:

Resolved, That we have warmly welcomed and hospitably entertained by the pastors, Epworth Leagues and people of the two churches of Tyrone—Columbia Avenue and First church.

Resolved, That we hereby express our grateful appreciation for their kindness.

Resolved, That we also thank Professor Black for the inspiration received from the song services so ably conducted by him.

Resolved, That we extend to all who have in any way contributed to the success of the convention our hearty thanks.

Following are the officers elected to serve the ensuing year:

President, Rev. W. P. Shriner, Bellefonte; first vice president, W. T. Bair, Phillipsburg; second vice president, Mrs. T. L. Tomkinson, Phillipsburg; third vice president, L. T. Eddy, Milesburg; fourth vice president, Miss Sallie Kittelberger, Carversville; recording secretary, J. P. McCordy, Clearfield; corresponding secretary, Mrs. W. T. Ketter, Altoona; executive committee, Presiding Elder Bell, Rev. J. D. W. Deavor, of Tyrone, Rev. J. K. Lloyd of Altoona, J. W. Lowther of Bellwood, and the pastor of the Phillipsburg church.

Dog Ate the Money.

A lady resident of this city, says the Altoona Tribune, a few days ago received a letter which was somewhat long, but had a very interesting ending—a postscript announcing that in the missive would be found a \$5 bill. Several persons were in the room when the letter was read, and of course all were interested in its ending. But no \$5 note was visible. A search was made, but it could not be found. Then it was noticed that a pet dog, which was in the room, was industriously engaged in chewing at something. An investigation was made and it was found that the canine was disposing of the bill as rapidly as possible. One piece about an inch in size was rescued together with a smaller one. The particulars of the affair were imparted to Postmaster Wilson, who was also given the fragments of the bill, and he will endeavor to have a new note sent by the treasury department in return. There may be some trouble in securing one as the number of the bill is missing.

Governor Stone signed the Focht—Emery rapid transit bill Saturday morning.

County Superintendent of Public Schools C. L. Gramley, it is unofficially announced, will be a candidate to succeed himself in May of 1902.

The bill appropriating \$10,000 to the Lock Haven hospital was reported to the house from the committee Friday. The bill appropriating \$260,000 to the Normal schools passed the house finally.

Friday, while Earl, the 12 year old son of John Wolf, of Harvey's Run, near DuBois, was planting corn, he reached out to pat a dog of Samuel Smith. The dog jumped on the boy, tore his mouth open wider and bit his cheeks through. Several stitches closed the wound.

The case of James C. Begley against the Pennsylvania Railroad company, which consumed the time of the Somerset county court most of last week terminated Saturday morning when the jury rendered a verdict of \$22,844 for the plaintiff. The award was as follows: For his own injuries he was awarded \$21,000; for those of his wife, \$1,114, and for his child, \$700. Last July it will be remembered a train ran into a crowd of people at the Johnstown station, severely injuring Editor Begley, causing the loss of a leg by Mrs. Begley who afterward died, and killing their child. The case will doubtless be appealed to the supreme court.

DR. DALY IS DEAD.

Committed Suicide by Shooting Himself in the Head.

HE WAS A VICTIM OF INSOMNIA

Had Served on the Staff of Lieutenant General Miles in the Spanish-American War and Caused Embalmed Beef Inquiry.

HIS HEALTH HAD BEEN FAILING

PITTSBURG, June 10.—Major William H. Daly committed suicide here Sunday. He was the man who made the charge, during the Spanish-American war, that the canned beef being furnished the army was "embalmed," and his friends assert that he was driven to kill himself through worrying over the report of the Board of Inquiry appointed to examine into his charges, which inferred that his statements were not truthful.

During the Spanish war Major Daly was chief surgeon on the staff of General Miles, and the charges he made gained him an international reputation.

Major Daly's body was found in the bath room, lying in a pool of blood, by his housekeeper, Mary Shout. A 38-calibre Colt revolver, with one chamber empty, was found by his side.

When inquiries were made by the Coroner the housekeeper stated that shortly before 7 o'clock Sunday morning she heard a noise from the bathroom that sounded like the falling of a window sash. She took it for granted one of the bathroom windows that had been opened had fallen and let it go.

Acting on this statement several friends of Dr. Daly's have started the District Attorney and city police officials to work to ascertain just how the physician met his end. Dr. W. S. Foster, who was called when the body was found, places little credence in the murder theory. He is of the opinion Dr. Daly took up a position in front of a mirror in the bathroom and deliberately aimed the Colt gun at his temple. He believes the noise Miss Shout heard was the pistol shot muffled by the closed doors.

His friends charge that he was driven to kill himself by brooding over the report of the Board of Inquiry, which investigated the "embalmed beef" charges. They contend that he was worried over the board's report, in which they intimated that Major Daly's testimony regarding the analysis of the embalmed beef, which he found to contain salicylic and boric acid, was untrue. With his veracity thus questioned Major Daly made a public statement, in which he stood by his charges and claimed that his testimony had not been disproved and that his record as a physician spoke for itself.

He complained to the then Secretary of War, Russell A. Alger, stating that he had been treated unfairly, but he received no satisfaction.

Unable to secure what he termed just treatment, Major Daly grew despondent. He had frequent periods of melancholia, but never intimated that he would take his life.

As to the supposed murder theory, the police are reticent. From Miss Shout, the housekeeper, they have learned that she heard a shot about 7:30 a. m., but that she took it for the quick closing of a window. This is all the police will make public. The general opinion, however, held by his friends is that Dr. Daly worried himself so much over the "embalmed beef" case that recurring attacks of melancholia brought on a severe mental derangement, and while out of his mind he killed himself.

Dr. Daly was 59 years old and was born in Virginia. During the civil war he served as a member of the Fifteenth Virginia Volunteers, C. S. A. After being wounded and mustered out he went to Philadelphia, where he studied medicine at Jefferson Medical College. He was in Germantown Hospital before coming here. He was a member of all the leading medical societies, among them being the British Medical Association, the American Medical Association and the Medical Society of Pennsylvania.

A Soldier Family.

Walter B. McCaskey, who is first lieutenant in the Twenty-first regiment, U. S. A., in the Philippines, has a brother, who is captain in the same regiment; has a cousin Douglass McCaskey, who has just been promoted first lieutenant in the Fourth cavalry, and a father of the cousin is colonel of the Twentieth regiment in Luzon. The McCaskeys are all Lancaster, Pa., men.

The State of Trade.

New York, June 10.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says

The labor situation in many parts of the country is seriously unsettled, and constitutes a reason for hesitation in some industries, discouraging new operations which satisfactory conditions would otherwise stimulate. In the meantime trade is encouraged by reports of a satisfactory condition of winter wheat over a large portion of the country. Railroad earnings for May 9, 6 per cent. in excess of 1900, and 23.2 per cent. over 1899, reflect a continued activity in the country; while at New York bank clearings gain for the week 86.3 per cent. over 1900, and 59.1 per cent. over 1899, with gains at the leading cities outside of New York of 27.1 per cent. over 1900, and 27.5 per cent. over 1899.

Labor controversies have become the factor of greatest importance in the leading manufacturing industries. Pig iron is extremely dull, not a sale of Bessemer being reported during the week at Pittsburgh and quotations are nominal. Large contracts for rails sustain billets, and finished steel deliveries continue heavy. Shipments of farm machinery attract much attention while bridge buildings, new vessels and track elevation prevent dullness in structural material.

European crops are falling below expectations and foreign purchases continue heavy.

The total export movement for the week, exclusive of Canadian ports, was 5,646,597 bushels against 3,838,264 last year and 2,745,467 in the same week of 1899.

Carnegie Signs the Deed.

London, June 8.—Andrew Carnegie signed a deed yesterday transferring \$10,000,000 in five per cent. United States Steel corporation bonds to trustees for the benefit of the universities of Scotland. The amount becomes immediately available. The next installment of interest can be used for the October term.

Mrs. Sylvia A. Stewart, 30 years old, daughter of Sheriff Thomas Stewart, has been sworn in as deputy Sheriff of Mercer county.

The corner stone for the new Lutheran church at Lyvett, Cambria county, was laid Sunday with impressive ceremonies in the presence of 1000 people.

William Muller, an evangelist, who now holds forth on the Chicago lake front, gives a horse-training exhibition as a side attraction to his meeting. He was a cow boy before his conversion.

An action in court which was begun in 1867 and has been contested again and again ever since that time was settled in Albany several days ago. The total amount involved was only \$237.

Matthew Steffens, a Chicago photographer, has invented an automatic "nickel-in-the-slot" machine which will make and develop a complete picture in twenty seconds. His machine is the first successful one of its kind ever made.

At Jersey Shore on Saturday afternoon a heavy door at the barn of Samuel Carter was blown off its hinges and in falling struck Mr. Carter's son Edward, on the ankle, inflicting quite a painful hurt. A one-year-old baby missed being crushed by the door by but a very few inches.

Charles Womer, of Sandy Ridge, has been admitted to the Cottage hospital at Phillipsburg to be treated for severe injuries received Friday evening while at work in a clay bank near that place. He was in the act of discharging a cartridge when an explosion occurred tearing and bruising the flesh of his left leg and arm, peeling the skin from the left side of his face and burning him about the head.

The matter of where the Second brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania, will go into camp in August is again being aired a little in the newspapers, and it is claimed that it is now up to General Wiley as to whether Buffalo will be the place or not. If General Wiley was correctly quoted some time ago he favors going to Buffalo, and if it is up to him to settle the matter he will get there unless the Pan-American show people freeze out the proposition by pouring real cold water on it.

The historic village of Williamsburg had a gala day on Saturday, on the occasion of the reunion of the Fifty-third regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers. The old town was alive with people. The weather was slightly cool, but this did not interfere with the festivities. General Brooke, a veteran of the regiment, was to have been the orator of the day, but he was unable to attend. Company C of the Fifth regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, of Hollidaysburg, was present, and the youngsters in their regulation United States army uniform put life into the occasion.

STORIES OF LINCOLN.

THE TINY SOLDIER WHO ASSISTED AT THE PUBLIC LEVEE.

Old Abe's Narrative About How the Flat Bottomed Boat Went Aground and How She Got Safely Back Into the Ohio River.

On one occasion a little drummer boy, securing leave of absence, accompanied a sergeant to a public levee that "Old Abe" was holding at the White House. They went early, and when President Lincoln appeared and the handshaking began they were not long in reaching him.

The tall man, almost a giant in physical proportions, looked down with an amused smile at the tiny drummer boy, who appeared hardly 10 years of age. Grasping the little fellow's right hand, the president suddenly reached out his left, swung the boy off his feet and set him gently down on a small table beside him.

"Aha, my little soldier," he said, laughing, "you shall help 'Uncle Abe' review this line today, and if your superior officer objects, why, I'll prolong your leave of absence!"

Lincoln asked the boy his age, place of residence, regiment and where he was on duty. Then, as some of the more important officers of the army or navy, members of congress or of the executive departments chanced to pass in the line, the president would gravely introduce his young assistant, with whom they were required to shake hands as well as with himself.

When the reception was over, President Lincoln took the boy into his private apartments and introduced him to Mrs. Lincoln. After entertaining him at luncheon he dismissed him with a brief note to the commanding officer of the hospital where he was then stationed telling why the boy's leave of absence had been extended.

Lincoln's geniality and willingness at all times to hear or to tell a good story were conspicuous traits, not always agreeable to some of his able but worried and irritable advisers.

On one occasion a sergeant had a squad of men at work unloading supplies from an Ohio river steamboat that in some mysterious manner had made its way from the interior to the coast waters of Virginia. It was a flat bottomed boat, drawing not more than three feet of water when loaded and hardly dampening its plank bottom when light. It was propelled by a horizontal stern wheel, driven by a small upright engine. Boats of that type were common on the Ohio, which runs almost dry at some seasons. They were known as "Pittsburgers" and were fabled to navigate freely in a heavy deluge.

The sergeant's men were hard at work carrying rations ashore from this craft when suddenly they stopped and sent up a lusty cheer. A little tuglike steamer had pulled up alongside, and from it stepped a tall, awkward man dressed in rusty black and wearing a napless silk hat. The sergeant recognized the president and saluted.

"Your boat is well named, sergeant," said the latter gravely.

The soldier was puzzled. He did not know that the steamer had a name and said so.

The president took him by the arm and led him back on the tug. There the stern of the "Pittsburgher" loomed above them, and on its dirty white surface in tarnished gilt letters a yard long appeared the single word, Mist.

"Yes," said Lincoln, "it's very well named indeed, sergeant. All those boats need a mist, and they'll run anywhere."

"Years ago," he continued, "I was attending court in Cairo, Ill., when the Ohio was so low that all the water there was between its banks was what had spilled over from the Mississippi. Those 'Pittsburgers' were passing and repassing all the time. One night there came up a little shower that raised the level maybe a half inch. One of 'em got out of the channel, slid ashore and grounded in the mud right beside the courthouse."

"It was there the next morning, and I remarked to a brother attorney that that boat was aground to stay. He was from 'Egypt' and knew more about 'Pittsburgers' than I did. He merely smiled and said, 'You wait and see.'"

"There came on another shower that afternoon. I heard an engine puffing and looked out of the courthouse window. Maybe you'll think I'm exaggerating, but there was that boat steaming down the road toward the river, and in two minutes she was back in the Ohio, just as the shower was over."

"I expressed my surprise to the judge, but he said that was nothing. If the shower hadn't come up in time, the captain would simply have hired a boy with a sprinkling pot to go ahead. They're great boats, sergeant. Likely as not this one got here by coming across country."

President Lincoln repeated this extravagant story without the ghost of a smile. During its recital Secretary Stanton and General Halleck and Sherman—the last named having run up the day before from his march through the Carolinas—who were with the party, had approached the president. General Sherman smiled broadly, but Stanton looked annoyed. The president caught his glance and, with a wink at the others, said, "But maybe you've heard this before, Stanton."

"Very likely I have," the secretary grimly responded, "but I would suggest, Mr. President, that General Grant is waiting us."

The gleam of amusement left the kindly man's eyes. He gravely turned and shook hands with the sergeant and then strode after his companions as they made their way ashore.—Roe L. Hendrick in Youth's Companion.

STANDARD TIME.

To Ascertain and Promulgate It is a Costly Task.

"What time is it?" Few questions are more common than this, and yet each day the United States government goes to a great expense in giving it an official answer. To ascertain the instant when it is noon on the seventy-fifth meridian and to send that information all over the country is a great and a costly task. The astronomical observatory in Washington computes the true time, which is thence transmitted by electricity to every important city and town.

About five minutes before the Washington noon the telegraph companies cut off all their regular business except on lines where they have more than one wire. They then connect all important points, from which there may be numberless ramifications, with an electric wire going into the great clock in the observatory so that all over the country its tickings may be heard. For the ten seconds just before 12 o'clock there is silence, which is broken by the "noon beat." Regular business is then resumed.

In some cities the wires connect with a time ball which drops with the noon beat. The time ball in Washington over the state, war and navy department building is three feet in diameter and can be seen from all parts of the city. Crowds frequently gather about to see it fall, a distance of 21 feet, high in the air. The man whom some of the spectators suppose to be dropping the ball is merely there to hoist it again to its place.

In the building beneath are 23 clocks which are each day automatically corrected by it. An electrical device "sets" them, placing hour, minute and second hands exactly vertical at the instant the ball drops. The hands that are too fast are pushed back, and those that are slow are thrust forward.

Although Washington is on the seventy-seventh meridian, the noon hour is for convenience computed for the seventy-fifth, the time standard for the eastern part of the United States. In the central belt, which is governed by the nineteenth meridian, the signal from Washington means 11 o'clock. In the Rocky mountain belt it is 10 o'clock, and on the Pacific coast line it is 9.—Youth's Companion.

FEASTED ON SPARROWS.

A Diet That Did Not Agree With the Crane.

"Some time ago I had occasion to observe an interesting change in the habits and temperament of a crane which had been picked up in the swamps of Arkansas," said a gentleman from one of the towns on the Mississippi river, "and the change was startling too. The crane was placed in a small park which was literally filled with English sparrows. These pests did not like the visitor from the lowlands, and they made daily assaults on the poor bird. The crane was a pretty fowl, long, slender, pure white and with the stately stride of a tragedian. The sparrows would systematically swoop down on the crane in droves, and the attacks were fierce and vicious."

The crane stood the assaults with indifference for awhile, but finally the fowl from the swamps figured out a method of retaliation, and it was effectual. In some way the crane learned that sparrow was a pretty sweet morsel. From the time she learned it she feasted on sparrows. She would slip up cautiously on these pesky twitterers and throw her yellow beak out like a glig. She never missed the mark. She always landed a sparrow, and a singular part of the thing is that she would swallow them whole, feathers and all. But the crane would always dampen the bird by dipping it in one of the water basins of the park.

"The diet evidently did not agree with the crane, and she became a trifle droopy and showed signs of indisposition. She finally died, and the keeper of the park believes that the crane's death was caused by a severe case of indigestion brought on by eating sparrows."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Saved the Dog.

Some time ago there was a shipwreck at St. Margaret's bay, England, and the life line brought sailor after sailor to shore amid the cheers of the rescuers. At last only the captain remained on board. The line was ready, the signal was given, but the answering jerk did not come. Again and again for a quarter of an hour the question passed along the rope without reply. At last, when hope was nearly dead, the signal came, and the captain was hauled dripping ashore. He picked himself up, drew a small, wet, quivering dog from his breast pocket and set it tenderly down. Then he looked round and said in simple apology, "I couldn't find the little brute anywhere!"

Parson Brownlow.

Parson Brownlow, the famous preacher, editor and patriot, is described by Dr. William E. Barton, author of "A Hero in Homespun," as the very incarnation of exalted love of country, strength and earnest love of country, and of right. "If hit wasn't that he's a preacher," says one of the characters, "you wouldn't know sometimes whether he's a prayin' or a quotin' Scripture chapter an' verse or jus' plain everyday sorter cussin'." Brownlow wrote to Secretary Benjamin at Richmond: "Just give me my passports and I will do for your Confederacy more than the devil has ever done. I will quit the country."

Out of an average annual loss to the world's shipping of 2,172 vessels 94 are completely missing and never heard of again.

Ambition causes a fool to jump at the moon and fall in the mud.—Chicago News.

NAVAL FOOD STORES.

WHAT "JACKY" GETS TO EAT IN UNCLE SAM'S SERVICE.

The American Navy is Better Fed Than Any Other Navy in the World. What It Costs the Officers to Run the Wardroom Mess.

The United States government gives its sailors only 30 cents a day each to live on, but the American navy is better fed than any other navy in the world. In fact, "Jacky" lives better than the average mechanic on shore.

As the appetite of a seafaring man cannot be appeased by angel food the provisions are of the most substantial kind.

All naval vessels are liable to be sent on long voyages or to be stationed where markets are inaccessible, and the stores purchased for the crew must be such as will keep for a long time and not become damaged by changes of climate. Naturally salt pork, corned beef, hard tack, beans, flour, sugar, canned fruits and vegetables are carried in large quantities and must of necessity constitute the main part of the daily rations. With these staples as a basis many appetizing combinations can be made. At sea fresh meat and vegetables are not to be had, but while in port or within reach of a market the navy regulations require the issuance on certain days of these desirable additions to the food supply. In the olden days no fresh meat was included in the navy ration, and "Jacky" was compelled to subsist largely on corned beef, known in the sailor vernacular as "salt horse," owing to the fact that some unscrupulous contractor at one time long ago passed off horseflesh for beef in a navy supply. The barrel in which the salt meat is kept is to this day known as the "harness cask."

The enlisted men are divided into messes consisting of from 18 to 24 men each. Every month the mess elects one of its number to the position of caterer, and he looks after all matters culinary during his term. To him the daily allowances of staple foods are issued each morning by one of the paymaster's men, known as the "Jack of the dust," presumably from his handling flour. The ship's cooks then prepare the supplies for the table. Each mess is usually allowed from four to six commuted rations—that is, the caterer is given the value of such rations in cash and is thus provided with a fund of from \$36 to \$54 per month with which to buy fruits, vegetables, fish, butter and other items which are not included in the list of articles furnished by the government. To furnish the table still further it is customary for each man to "chip in" a dollar or two each month out of his own pocket.

The old time shellbacks looked with glee upon a plum duff dish and its dainties as that seem commonplace to the new style navy men, who on holidays and frequently on Sundays have delicacies like roast turkey with cranberry sauce, celery, oranges, bananas and even ice cream.

If "Jacky" has one failing in the commissariat line, it is his craving for pies of any constituency or nationality. He will eat them on any occasion and in any place. The ship's cook, if he be ambitious, takes advantage of this and makes up a tempting array of pies from materials which he purchases from the paymaster and retails them to the sailors.

The government does not discriminate in the allowance for food supplies in the navy as between officer and enlisted man—that is, it did not up to a year or two ago, when every man in the ship, from the admiral down to a coal heaver, received 50 cents each day. Now the discrimination is that the coal heaver continues to draw his 30 cents, while the admiral and all other officers except the gunner, carpenter, pharmacist, chief machinist and the naval cadets receive absolutely nothing for their subsistence on board ship. Many who visit naval vessels and are entertained at dinner or luncheon are heard to remark that the government provides very good living for its officers, not thinking that the entire cost of the repast has come out of the officers' own pockets.

The cost of an officer's living on one of our vessels varies considerably. In a port where much entertaining has to be done and where there are high priced markets the mess bill, as it is called, sometimes runs as high as \$35 or \$40 a month for each officer and is rarely less than \$25 a month. This represents merely the actual cost of the food and the incidental expenses of the mess, as the government furnishes all servants, crockery, fuel and table linen.

In connection with this subject it may be interesting to note that the captain of a war vessel does not eat with the other officers, but has a separate establishment for himself and is provided with a cook and a steward whose only duties are to wait on him. On flagships the admiral also eats alone. The wardroom mess usually includes all officers above the grade of ensign and on most vessels consists of from 10 to 20 members. Junior officers and naval cadets constitute another mess, known as the steerage mess.—C. A. McAllister in Saturday Evening Post.

A Kentucky Snafelon.

"Do you agree with the people who assert that milk is not a wholesome article of diet?"

"Well," answered Colonel Stillwell, "I wouldn't like to make positive assertions, but I have heard it rumored that they put a great deal of water into it."—Washington Star.

The shadows of the mind are like those of the body. In the morning of life they all lie behind us, and as we grow we find them under foot, and in the evening they stretch long, broad and deepening before us.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's ELECTRIC Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

One Dollar.

It is Guaranteed to Cure Nervous Headache in five minutes! Bilious Headache in five minutes! Neuralgia in five minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Flakes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY," and free on request, give full information concerning Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21, No. 22, No. 23, No. 24, No. 25, No. 26, No. 27, No. 28, No. 29, No. 30, No. 31, No. 32, No. 33, No. 34, No. 35, No. 36, No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 44, No. 45, No. 46, No. 47, No. 48, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51, No. 52, No. 53, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 61, No. 62, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 74, No. 75, No. 76, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84, No. 85, No. 86, No. 87, No. 88, No. 89, No. 90, No. 91, No. 92, No. 93, No. 94, No. 95, No. 96, No. 97, No. 98, No. 99, No. 100.

Geo. A. Scott, 84 Broadway, N.Y.

Wesley a Book Lover.

Wesley was to the end of his life a lover of a good book. Though the Bible was his chief study, he would have agreed with Matthew Arnold that a man who did not know other books could not know that book as it should be known. He constantly urged his preachers to read. "You can never be a deep preacher without reading," he used to say, "any more than a thorough Christian." To a young man who said that his work as an evangelist left him no time for reading he wrote: "Hence your talent in preaching does not increase. It is just the same as it was seven years ago. It is lively, but not deep. There is little variety. There is no compass of thought." What would not some of us give for that volume of Shakespeare, annotated throughout by his hand, which John Pauson destroyed after his death for fear of scandalizing the weaker brethren?—Temple Bar.

Rare and Curious Gems.

The rarest and costliest of gems, though not always esteemed the most beautiful, are pigeon's blood rubies, fine opals and diamonds that are pure but shed a distinct glow of blue or pink. A very perfect pearl of generous size and lustrous skin, tinted a rarely beautiful golden green, was valued at over \$300. A faultless green pearl is very rare.

A curious stone is the alexandrite. It is a dark green stone that is polished, cut and set, like a fine topaz or amethyst, in large showy rings surrounded by diamonds. By the light of day the alexandrite has no special beauty save its fine luster, but directly a shaft of artificial light strikes the dull stone deep gleams of red flash out of the green, and under the gas or in the firelight one ignorant of this vagary would instantly pronounce it a ruby.

A Mechanical Answer.

The well to do patron of the place had been attentive to the cashier for some time, and now, business being slack for a few moments, he deemed the time propitious to speak.

"If you will be mine," he urged as he leaned over the desk, "every comfort that you may desire will be yours. True, I am no longer young, but I have money, and I can provide for you as few young men could, and surely the material side of the marriage question is worthy of some consideration."

She said nothing, but gently touched the cash register, and the words "No Sale" sprang into view.

With a sigh he left.—Chicago Post.

One Man's Wisdom.

New Clerk.—That young lady in front wants to look at some rings exactly like she has on. Says she is thinking of purchasing a duplicate for her sister. Old Jeweler.—Huh! You needn't waste any time on her. The ring she has is an engagement ring, and she merely wants to find out what it cost.—Chicago News.

The darabouka, or Turkish drum, resembles a long vase, the bottom covered with parchment.

Made a Bad Matter Worse.

The honeymoon was over, and they were comfortably settled in their snug little home. The husband, returning from business, was grieved to find his little wife crying bitterly.

"Oh, George," she sobbed, "a dreadful thing has happened! I had made you a beautiful pie all by myself, and Pido went and ate it."

"Well, never mind, my dear," he said cheerfully. "We can easily afford another dog."—Exchange.

MY MORTALITY.

"Thy writ, 'Mortal, thy life is but a span,' And yet I feel that air and earth and sky Are ever mine, even forevermore. That I and mine can never, never die."

And yet I know, how well, how well I know, That in the future somewhere hidden lies A day, the day of days, which has for me A moment supreme, when I shall close my eyes

To open them on this my world no more, When friends will fold my hands upon my breast And sadly say: "Dear soul, her work is done. Let us now lay her gently to her rest."

Springtime with bud and bloom will come and go; The busy world will still rush madly on; The earth and air and sky will be for those Who will not know that I have come and gone.

—Dr. Grace Peckham Murray in Harper's Bazar.

GUNS FOR OLD GLORY.

The First Foreign Salute Given to the American Flag.

The little Ranger ran slowly between the frowning French frigates, looking as warlike as they. Her men swarmed like bees into the rigging, and her colors ran up to salute the flag of his most Christian majesty of France, and she fired one by one her salute of 13 guns, says Sarah Orne Jewett in The Atlantic.

There was a moment of suspense. The wind was very light now. The powder smoke drifted away, and the flapping sails sounded loud overhead. Would the admiral answer back or would he treat this bold challenge like a handkerchief waved at him from a pleasure boat? Some of the officers on the Ranger looked incredulous, but Paul Jones still held his letter in his hand. There was a puff of white smoke, and the great guns of the French flagship began to shake the air—one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine—and then were still save for their echoes from the low hills about Carnac and the great Druid Mount of St. Michael.

"Henry Gardner, you may tell the men that this was the salute of the king of France to our republic and the first high honor to our flag," said the captain proudly to his steersman, but they were all buzzing now along the Ranger's decks, that little ship whose name shall never be forgotten while her country lives.

The captain lifted his hat and stood looking up at the flag.

"We hardly know what this day means, gentlemen," he said soberly to his officers, who came about him. "I believe we are at the christening of the greatest nation that was ever born into the world. The day shall come when America, republic though she may be, will salute no foreign flag without receiving gun for gun!"

Foley's Honey and Tar heals lungs and stops the cough.

All druggists.

Future Plutocracy's Want Ads.

Wanted.—Young millionaire as office boy in department store; salary, \$300,000 per week.

Lost.—One billion dollars will be given for return of mongrel pup answering to name of Rubberneck, 41144 Fifth avenue.

Suburban Property.—If you are looking for a home, go to Grassdale. Only 800 miles from town. Four minutes to city hall. This week lots only \$2,000,000 each; \$400,000 down.

A New Historical Novel.—Read "When England Was in Power," by Edgar Amherst Voile. Written by the new electric process. Eighty-one thrills in 200 pages. Only \$98,000.

Wanted, Pensioners.—The population of this empire is now only 8,000,000,000. Of these only 7,900,000,000 are drawing pensions. Do not delay, but send in your application to the government at once.—Life.

Foley's Honey and Tar for child—safe, sure. No opiates.

All druggists.

—The engagement of Miss Blanche L. Fauble, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Fauble, of this place, to Mr. William W. Schloss, of Philadelphia, has been announced.

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has for nearly sixty years been recognized as the People's National Family Newspaper, for farmers and villagers. Its splendid Agricultural Department, its reliable market reports, recognized authority throughout the country in fashion notes, its Science and Mechanics Department, its fascinating short stories, etc., render it indispensable in every family. Regular subscription price, \$1.50 per year.

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Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass.....	.50	1.00	3.00
New England Homestead, Springfield, Mass.....	.50	1.00	3.00
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WATCH DOGS.

EVER ON THE ALERT—ALIVE TO EVERY FORM OF OPPRESSION—KEPT ON EDGE—BURDENED BEYOND

ENDURANCE—NERVES GIVE OUT.

The machinery of a mill that grinds day and night has to shut down now and then for repairs. It is the same way with your nerves. Overwork, close application, our ways of living bring about nerve waste that sets up symptoms of various kinds. It may be failing strength, weakness, languor, headache, sleeplessness, etc. Whatever it is Nerve Force is lacking and the means of restoring rests with Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. A great many people vouch for this. Among them is Mrs. F. Morrison, of No. 342 E. Baldeagle St., Lock Haven, Pa., who says:

"For a long time I have been very much run down. I did not seem to have any strength to do anything. I could not sleep at night and suffered so much from headaches, my appetite was gone and I felt miserable. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and never before had anything do me so much good. I rested well—got stronger—felt well and gained in flesh and weight. I cannot speak too highly of them; they are all they are recommended to be."

By calling at Kramrine's drug store information can be obtained regarding this great success of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and how they were first introduced by proof of their merit.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

Ranges of Big Guns.

From the New York Tribune.

It is evident that few besides ordnance experts know the effective range of one of the modern breech-loading rifles. Proof of this lies in the frequency that newspapers are asked to state in their columns the distance that a shot or shell may be fired, the thickness of metal it will pierce, etc. The new 16-inch breech-loading rifle recently finished at the Watervliet arsenal, and which is to remain with the army exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition, will no doubt excite the question among lay people as to whether such guns could do much damage to Manhattan if mounted on an enemy's ship off the harbor. A table of ranges and muzzle

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Dr. H. H. Plummer

IN THE USE For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children.

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. Samuel Pitcher

Pumpkin Seed - 1/2 lb.
Sassafras - 1/2 lb.
Rhubarb - 1/2 lb.
Licorice - 1/2 lb.
Ginger - 1/2 lb.
Cloves - 1/2 lb.
Cinnamon - 1/2 lb.
Mace - 1/2 lb.
Nutmeg - 1/2 lb.
Allspice - 1/2 lb.
Peppermint - 1/2 lb.
Eucalyptus - 1/2 lb.
Sage - 1/2 lb.
Thyme - 1/2 lb.
Marjoram - 1/2 lb.
Basil - 1/2 lb.
Oregano - 1/2 lb.
Rosemary - 1/2 lb.
Lavender - 1/2 lb.
Sandalwood - 1/2 lb.
Vetiver - 1/2 lb.
Saffron - 1/2 lb.
Turmeric - 1/2 lb.
Gamboge - 1/2 lb.
Castor Oil - 1/2 lb.
Alcohol - 1/2 lb.
Water - 1/2 lb.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of **Dr. H. H. Plummer** NEW YORK.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Accidentally Killed by Her Sister-in-Law.

Newburg, W. Va., June 8.—While sitting on a chair, with her baby on her lap, Mrs. Mary Lynch, of this place, was accidentally shot and killed Thursday by her sister-in-law, Miss Lynch, aged 15 years, daughter of Theodore Lynch. The young lady was cleaning out a bureau drawer when she picked up a revolver. Thinking it was not loaded, she pointed it at Mrs. Lynch, saying:

"How easily I could shoot you." The revolver was of the self-action pattern and the slight pressure caused it to go off, the bullet entering Mrs. Lynch's head and killing her instantly.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

All druggists.

Record Wheat Crop Expected.

Western grain specialists have made up their minds to a 700,000,000 bushel wheat crop this year. Anything like that would be a record-breaker. Should the crop be only 600,000,000 bushels it would be called small and 550,000,000 bushels or less would be thought a famine. The outlook for short crops abroad raises the hopes of the wheat bulls in this country, but speculative sentiment on the several boards of trade where the cereal is traded in for future delivery is bearish in anticipation of a stupendous home yield.

The ladies of St. John's Episcopal church will hold an entertainment in the Court House on the evening of Thursday June 20th at which Prof. Shed, of State College, will lecture and exhibit his pictures giving scenes and places in far away Japan. It promises to be a very profitable and entertaining treat and deserves a large patronage.

The Pains of Kidney Disease

Warn You Against the Most Dreadfully Fatal of Disorders. You Can be Cured by Promptly Using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Pain is nature's signal whereby she warns man of approaching danger. Few diseases are so dreadfully fatal as disorders of the kidneys and few are accompanied by more severe pains and discomforts.

One of the most common symptoms of kidney disease is the smarting, scalding sensation when passing water which is likely to come very frequently and at inconvenient times. Then there is the dull, heavy aching in the small of the back and down the limbs. When these pains are accompanied by deposits in the urine after it has stood for twenty-four hours you may be sure that you are a victim of kidney disease and should not lose a single day in securing the world's greatest kidney cure—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Take one pill at a dose, and in a surprisingly short time you will be on the road to recovery. For Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills act directly and promptly on the kidneys, and are certain to prove of great benefit to any one suffering from irregularities of those organs.

See that you get the genuine, with portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase.



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WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts of delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us \$1.50, and we will send FREE your choice of premium. Write to-day and get extra present FREE. FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY, 830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE RAILROADS NEXT.

Remarkable Legislation to be Introduced at Harrisburg.

RAILROADS AS NUISANCES

New Bills Against Them to be Put Forward by the Majority Leaders at the State Capitol.

NO MORE SURFACE LINES IN FUTURE

HARRISBURG, June 6.—Every one on "The Hill" and the representatives of the various steam railroads are anxiously awaiting the introduction of two bills which the majority leaders have knowledge of the subject declare will be more remarkable than the two rapid transit bills. These measures, it is asserted, will be presented as soon as the trolley bills are out of the way, presumably on Monday night, and as they are railroad bills they will be put through on schedule time.

For more than a week rumors of these bills have been flying around the lobbies of the two chambers and in the committee rooms. All who asked the leaders for information were given evasive answers or were told that they would learn at the proper time. Those who profess to know anything of the matter declare that the first of these bills provides for the regulation of the running of passenger trains at grade cities of the first and second class and in gives the municipal authorities express power to regulate the speed of trains so that if it is deemed necessary the speed per hour can be reduced to six miles. The only city of the first class in the State is Philadelphia, and all the steam roads entering the city run trains at grade.

The Philadelphia and Reading Railway has the most extensive system of grade crossings in the city, the main line of the road on Ninth street running at grade from Fairmount avenue to the county line. It would be the principal sufferer from this measure. The Pennsylvania Railroad has a surface road on Trenton avenue from Norris to Butler street, however, this being the old Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad also runs at grade from the Schuylkill river bridge to the Chestnut street, running over the tracks of what is known as the Schuylkill River East Side Railroad. The three cities of the second class are Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Scranton, and in these the bill would affect almost every railroad of any size operating in Pennsylvania.

The second bill gives to municipal authorities in cities of the first and second class the right to proceed against surface steam roads, where life is endangered, as common nuisances and to abolish the nuisances, collecting the cost of the abatement as municipal claims are now by law collected. This bill many believe is aimed directly at the Philadelphia and Reading Railway, although it would necessarily affect all other lines operating roads at grade in any of the 4 cities in the two classes. The Reading's Ninth street line in Philadelphia is now the subject of controversy between the municipal and the railroad officials, and Councils have rejected all offers by the company for paying a part of the cost of elevating, as their offers are not considered adequate. By the passage of this last act the city of Philadelphia, it is claimed, would be in a position to force the railroad company to accept its terms or operate trains in the city at a less speed than the street cars run. The majority of the members of City Councils who are believed to reflect the opinion of the leaders express their belief that half of the \$8,000,000 cost should be borne by the company, while its offer is to contribute only \$1,000,000 towards the cost of the work.

Those who are on the inside declare that the steam railroad bills will have as smooth sailing as had the street railway bills, and that, in view of the ever increasing number of casualties, municipal authorities in large cities must be given adequate power to regulate the running of trains, and also to abolish a nuisance when it becomes necessary to do so.

Monks to Gaze Upon a Woman.

The monks at Gettysburg, Ky., are awaiting with anxious expectation the coming of Mrs. J. C. W. Beckham, the wife of the Chief Executive of the State, who is to visit them soon. She is the second woman ever to enter the walls of this monastery of Trappist monks, the only other woman to enter being the wife of Gov. S. Proctor Knott. Several women will accompany the party to the doors of the lodge, but Mrs. Beckham alone will be admitted.

At the gate she will be received by 25 monks, the abbot, Father O'Brecht, at their head. The party will first proceed to the chapel, where services will be held the choir being composed of 50 male voices. The feast will be held at noon and only the products of the farm will be served, in accordance with the rules of the order. No wine will be served, contrary to the usual custom, on account of Mrs. Beckham's aversion to strong drink. None of the monks will be allowed to speak to Mrs. Beckham. Many of them have not gazed on a woman's face in 30 years, with the single exception of Mrs. Knott.

The Truth

Is told by most people. If it were not, the whole commercial and social fabric would fall to pieces. There are thousands upon thousands of people who testify to the cures effected by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

They are representative people in their communities. You would believe their word on any question of knowledge. They speak the simple truth when they testify that Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures dyspepsia, "weak" stomach and other diseases of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures when all other remedial means have failed. It cures perfectly and permanently.

There is no alcohol in the "Discovery." It is free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. Accept no substitute for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. There is nothing "just as good."

"I was a total wreck—could not eat or sleep," writes Mr. J. O. Beers, of Berryman, Crawford Co., Mo. "For two years I tried medicine from doctors, but received very little benefit. I lost flesh and strength, was not able to do a good day's work. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and when I had taken one bottle I could sleep, and my appetite was wonderfully improved. I have taken five bottles and am still improving."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, paper-covered, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A VALUABLE PUBLICATION.

The Pennsylvania Railroad 1901 Summer Excursion Route Book.

On June 1 the Passenger Department of the Penn'a. Railroad company published the 1901 edition of the Summer Excursion Route Book. This work is designed to provide the public with descriptive notes of the principal summer resorts of Eastern America, with the best routes for reaching them, and the rates of fare. It contains all the principal seashore and mountain resorts of the East, and over seventeen hundred different routes or combinations of routes. The book has been compiled with the greatest care, and altogether is the most complete and comprehensive handbook of summer travel ever offered to the public.

The cover is handsome and striking, printed in colors, and the book contains several maps, presenting the exact routes and rates of fare. The book is profusely illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of scenery at the various resorts and along the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

On and after June 1 this very interesting book may be procured at any Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office at the nominal price of ten cents, or, upon application to the general office, Broad street Station, Philadelphia, by mail for twenty cents.

Didn't Marry For Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

Smith Family Re-union.

A very pleasant event took place Wednesday at the residence of Mrs. Hannah Smith near Howard, the occasion being a reunion of the members of her family. About thirty of her descendants being present. Mrs. Smith has attained the advanced age of eighty-three years, but notwithstanding her great age she enjoys excellent health and has retained all her faculties unimpaired, but as she is soon to leave the old homestead her family united in having a day with her which was spent to the enjoyment of all. All her children were present, namely A. V. Smith and family of Bellefonte, Mitchell Smith and family of Berwick, Pa., Mrs. Hayes Schenck and family of Howard, and Mrs. Frank Confer and family of Chicago, Ill. After the guests had all arrived they were invited to partake of a sumptuous repast, which has been prepared for the occasion. After dinner the day was spent in social enjoyment. As the sun retreated behind the western hills most of the guests left the home of their beloved relative knowing that in all probability it will be the last time on "this side of the river" when they will all meet together again.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and \$1.00 bottles guaranteed free. F. Potts Green drug store Trial bottles free.

—V. G. Henderson, of Julian, has been appointed operator and extra agent at the P. R. R. station Mill Hill, to take the place of Mr. Lucas, who has been transferred to Tyrone.

EPWORTHIANS ASSEMBLE

Tenth Annual Convention of Altoona District Convenes.

SESSIONS BEING HELD IN TYRONE

Several Topics of Importance were Discussed and the Speakers All Had Something Interesting to Tell.

ADDRESS BY REV. C. M. BOSWELL

The Tenth annual convention of the Altoona District Epworth League met in Columbia avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Tyrone, Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, with the president, Rev. W. P. Shriner, of Bellefonte, in the chair. A 15 minute song service, conducted by Prof. J. W. Black, of Williamsport, opened the meeting. Mrs. S. B. Beyer, of Tyrone acted as pianist. The opening song "All Hail the Power of Jesus Name," and "America" were heartily sung, and the singing at once took its place as a prominent feature of the convention.

Rev. J. Ellis Bell, of Altoona, the presiding elder of the district, spoke earnestly in the first devotional service which was followed by the greetings. Rev. J. D. W. Deavor spoke for the Columbia avenue chapter, expressing their rejoicing in welcoming the convention to such a feast as the program will give, and a prayer that the fruitage will be great. Rev. J. A. Wood Jr., speaking for the First church, gave a hearty endorsement to the words of welcome and spoke of the young people's societies as being one of the mightiest forces in bringing about the evangelization of the world.

Rev. W. P. Shriner, the district president, responded to the greetings, speaking pleasantly and forcibly of the duties of the guests as they go in and out of the homes, and of their responsibility in making the convention a spiritual uplift.

"Denominational Loyalty vs. Denominational Bigotry," was the topic assigned to Rev. H. L. Jacobs, of Altoona. In his absence the next topic, "The Pastor's Duty to His People," was taken up by Mr. John P. McGurdy, of Clearfield. The general duty, "Feed My Sheep," he outlined as follows: Preach the Word, visit his people in sickness, in trouble, in a social way, to hunt strangers, to make the young people in the Sunday school and league feel his interest and co-operation in their work, to care for the lambs of his flock, to pray earnestly for his people and for himself.

"The People's Duty to Their Pastor," was presented by Rev. George Leidy, of Altoona. There are so many classes of people in the church, but today especially the question refers especially to the duty of the young people. If the pastor is to show an interest in the work of the young people, they owe it to the pastor to be in the church services, to hear the Word, to be learners taught by him, to be followers as he is leader. Especially is it the duty of the league to bring the children into the pastor's reach in the Junior League.

After announcements Miss Childs responded to request by another effective recitation. Then the session closed with an inspiring song.

The evening session was held in the First church. Notwithstanding a heavy shower a large audience assembled and the song service was spirited.

Rev. T. S. Wilcox, of Altoona, conducted the devotional service. Miss Ida Keagy, of Altoona, sang a beautiful solo, then the president introduced the speaker of the evening, Rev. C. M. Boswell, D.D., of Philadelphia, who spoke on "Twentieth Century Soul Savers."

The Moon and the Weather.

The relations between the moon and various meteorological phenomena have been studied for a century past with great diligence, but hitherto nothing has been discovered to confirm the popular belief that the weather has a dependence upon or even an indirect relation with the condition of the moon. The origin of this belief in the lunar influence can be traced back to Arabia, and the astronomers of Assyria and Chaldea, and it is maintained in various forms by all peoples that use the Arabic language or inherit the old Arabic folk lore. We know of no recent investigation into the connection between the moon and the Arabian weather, but all studies bearing on European or American weather show that the lunar influence is appreciable. —Monthly Weather Review.

—A man who registered at the Central hotel in Milesburg two weeks ago, suddenly disappeared two days later leaving a horse and new buggy behind him. He said he had come from Tyrone and was a salesman, but had no baggage. He arrived at Mr. Kohlbecker's place on Tuesday evening and loafed about there until Thursday evening when he wanted to come to Bellefonte, ostensibly to get a pair of shoes. He was not permitted to take his horse and buggy unless he would pay his bill before starting. This he was unable to do, so he disappeared, leaving his conveyance behind him. —Watchman.

—The date for Robinson's circus to exhibit at Bellefonte is Tuesday, June 25th.

Only 50 Cents

to make your baby strong and well. A fifty cent bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

will change a sickly baby to a plump, romping child.

Only one cent a day, think of it. Its as nice as cream.

Send for a free sample and try it.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York.

50c and \$1.00; all druggists.

Out of the Woods in Elk County, Pa.

June 4th, 1901.

The past few days, I have traveled further out in the forests of Elk county, than ever before. If you hear any word of my being lost in the woods, you may be sure that I am very glad to find myself this morning in the land of the living. I am not now giving you any particulars concerning it. The story will keep and I may write it when I get leisure to do so. I can only say now that, following the wrong directions not intentionally given me, I wandered so far astray in the forest night overtaking me. It seemed plainly impossible for me ever to get back to any living dwelling place had it not been for God's special providence. Excepting blistered feet, I suffer no bodily discomfort. All of the schools newly opened in Elk county are alive and flourishing. One of them has a primary class of twenty-four and more little tots to be gathered in. In these localities there is more demand for Bibles and Testaments than for any other book. I have plenty of them for supply at cost or gift if need be and I trust they will prove to be, in the Bible Schools and otherwise, the Word of Life, through the Lord Jesus Christ, to many precious souls.

R. CHITTENDEN

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured, by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Jury Decides Against the Williamsport Blockbuster.

In the blackmailing case in the Lycoming county court Wednesday Grace Lawrence, the defendant, was the star witness. She told the story of her relations with Huffman and admitted getting money from him, but claimed it was given voluntarily. She alleged that the confession made by her to Chief of Police Stryker was partly untrue, and that she was induced to make it by threats and promises. The case was given to the jury Wednesday afternoon. The jury was out all night and Thursday morning brought in a verdict finding the girl guilty on both counts—blackmail and conspiracy. Sentence was deferred until argument on a motion for a new trial will be heard.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of **Dr. H. H. Plummer**

Park-Beal.

Tuesday evening of last week at 7 o'clock a very pretty wedding event was celebrated at the home of Capt. and Mrs. George M. Beal at Centre Hall, the contracting parties being their daughter, Miss Blanche, and Dr. William Edwin Park.

The wedding march was played by Miss A. Mabel Beal, a sister of the bride. The only attendant was little Miriam Meyer, of Millersburg, who acted as flower girl. The ceremony was performed by Dr. W. H. Schuyler, of the Presbyterian church. The bride was attired in a handsome gown of white Paris muslin, with white satin trimmings and carried a bouquet of pink and cream roses. The ceremony was witnessed only by the immediate relatives of the bride and groom.

The groom is a rising young physician of Centre Hall and after the 1st of July Dr. and Mrs. Park will be at home to their many friends in their own cozy home at Centre Hall.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in such cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at \$1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	1 mo	3 mo	6 mo	1 yr
One inch (12 lines this type).....	\$ 5	\$ 12	\$ 20	\$ 35
Two inches.....	7	15	25	45
Three inches.....	10	20	35	65
Four inches.....	12	25	45	85
Five inches.....	15	30	55	105
Half column.....	20	40	70	140
One column.....	35	70	125	245

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type. All advertisements due after the first insertion. Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year. Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion. Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, \$5 per annum. All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion. Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisements at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

Do you know, we rather expected the "Commoner" to "view with horror" the Supreme court decision.

Europe isn't so much concerned about the yellow peril nowadays as she is about the red, white and blue peril.

Did it ever occur to you that discord or lack of harmony in a church is often traceable to an amateur choir?

Still, the country will manage to get along even though the "Commoner" does not agree with the Supreme court.

We hope cuts of that Santiago medal bearing Sampson's profile will be circulated broadcast. We all love to see reminders of heroism.

Texas is prospering wonderfully with her oil wells, but, all the same, there are lots of holes in the ground down there that have panned out nothing but mortgages.

The vote on the admission of Rostand to the French Academy brings to light a number of "Immortals" of whom the public either never heard or whom it has forgotten.

It has practically been decided that if Peru chooses to sulk, the Pan-American Congress will be held without her. Peru does not seem to realize what small potatoes she really is.

"In his steps" Sheldon's hired girl has left because Mrs. Sheldon wouldn't allow her to sit at the table with the family. Thus even eminent reformers often fail to convert their own wives to their way of thinking.

It is somewhat interesting to learn that Mrs. Eddy was unable to take the stand in that libel suit by reason of her age and feeble health. So even Christian Scientists admit that old age isn't altogether imaginary.

There is to be no extra session. It would be ridiculous to hold one until the Supreme court makes it specifically necessary. No one can guess with any accuracy how a court so divided will decide any future cognate question.

So far from the decision of the Supreme court making President McKinley an Emperor, eight of the nine Justices specially declared that the Constitution limited the action of Congress and the ninth said that "it must be guided by the principles" of that document.

LANSDALE, KANSAS, a town of over two thousand inhabitants, boasts of a police department that has not made a single arrest in the last eight years. Lansdale is either a community of saints or its police department is deaf, dumb, halt and blind.

An editor in Missouri wrote to the outlying districts for news. Here is one reply: "We have two schoolmarmes, the hog cholera, about fifty bushels of potatoes and a darned fool who married a cross-eyed girl because she had a mule and forty acres of land, which the same being yours truly."

THE TARIFF'S "BENEFICIARIES."

One of the stock arguments of the Free Trader is that a protective tariff law is for a few beneficiaries; that only a small percentage of our people work in "protected industries." This contention in the first place, declares a writer in the "American Economist," is literally untrue, for the Tariff extends directly over more than two-thirds of our industries, while indirectly it effects every man, woman and child in the country.

The drayman who hauls the product of the freight car or vessel, the crew of the train or ship, the longshoreman and afterward the merchant and his clerks are beneficiaries of the Tariff as much as the workman who turns out the product. The doctor, the lawyer, the clergyman, the teacher who receive the workingman's fee are beneficiaries of the Tariff as much as the workmen in the mill. The bank clerk who handles and keeps account of the laborer's savings is a beneficiary as much as the laborer himself. The carpenter, the mason, the painter, the plumber, are all beneficiaries as much as the workingman for whom they are building a house. It is perhaps the workingman's savings from which they are paid their wages.

Follow a laborer's penny, or nickel, or dime, or quarter, or dollar. Who gets it? The butcher, the baker, the dry goods merchant, the tailor, the shoemaker, the hatter, the news man, the toy dealer, the car conductor, the tax collector, the oil dealer, the gas company, the coal dealer, the milliner, the milk man, the ice man, the grocer, the post office, the stationer, the furniture dealer, the lawyer, the minister, the doctor and the undertaker. In a few hours after the "protected laborer" receives his weekly envelope nine-tenths of its contents are scattered into one hundred different channels. The more there is in that envelope the more the tradesmen get; the less there is in that envelope the less the tradesmen get.

The whole community is as much a beneficiary of the Tariff that gives employment and high wages as are the unseen seed and roots in the ground benefited by the nourishing rain that percolates through the grass and soil.

THE COST OF WARS EMPHASIZED BY COMPARISON.

A writer in the "Home Magazine" estimated the cost of wars of the nineteenth century to nearly reach the enormous sum of \$20,000,000,000. Just how much is a billion? he asks. An obliging statistician comes to the front with the following information in reply to the inquiry which shows a remarkable juggling with facts and figures if nothing worthy of serious consideration.

A billion is one thousand millions, but, he adds this fact is not expressive. There are only 3,155,673,600 seconds in a century—that is, six dollars have been spent on war for every second of the century. If we take Archbishop Usher's chronology, and consider the world to be 5904 years old, we find that the Nations have spent on war during the nineteenth century at the rate of six dollars a minute since the creation.

The most costly church in the world is the Church of San Pietro in Vaticano, known to us as St. Peter's, Rome. It has cost not less than \$70,000,000 since the foundation stone was laid, yet nearly 300 other churches of equal cost could be built out of what the world has spent on wars during the century just closed. The costliest building in this country is the Public building in Philadelphia, which represents close to \$30,000,000, yet nearly 700 reproductions of this great structure of granite and marble could be erected out of the money spent on war during the last hundred years. The world spends upward of \$530,000,000 a year on education. If it spent 37 times as much it would not equal the war expenses of the last century. The population of the world is estimated at 1,500,000,000; the money expended on war between 1801 and 1900 would give to each man, woman and child alive today more than

\$13 as pocket money.

If a man counted 200 a minute for 10 hours a day, six days a week, he would have counted one million in 8 days, 3 hours and 20 minutes. At the same rate he would need 8,333 days, 3 hours and 20 minutes to count one billion, or 26 years, 195 days, 3 hours and 20 minutes, not counting Sundays. To count twenty billion would take 532 years, 150 days, 6 hours and 40 minutes.

NO MUZZLED PRESS IN IOWA.

The Cherry sisters, a trio of vaudeville stars, performed (?) some time ago before an Iowa audience and the criticism of their specialties by a western critic was of such a character that the sisters three entered a suit of libel against the newspaper for which the criticism was written and in which it appeared. The Iowa Supreme court has just decided it not to be libelous. The following paragraph from the criticism will not only indicate the apparently unlimited license newspapers in Iowa enjoy but will also serve to convince the average target of newspapers that he is treated with extreme courtesy and handled with kid gloves. Said the critic of the Cherry sisters:

"Effie is an old jade of fifty summers, Jessie a frisky filly of forty, and Addie, the flower of the family, a capering monstrosity of thirty-five. Their long skinny arms, equipped with talons at the extremities, swung mechanically at the suffering audience. The mouths of their rancid features opened like caverns and sounds like the wailing of damned souls issued therefrom. They pranced around the stage with a motion that suggested a cross between the danse du ventre and fox trot, strange creatures with painted faces and hideous mein. Effie is spavined, Addie is stringhalt, and Jessie, the only one who showed her stockings, has legs with calves as classic in their outlines as the curves of a broom-handle."

UNCLE SAM CANNOT JOIN.

The formal notification of the Powers that the United States cannot join in a guarantee of Chinese indemnity bonds brings that issue to a point. In the face of this refusal it is not probable the other Powers will persist. The attraction of the joint guarantee idea was principally the belief that the signature of the United States would enable the sale of the bonds at a handsome premium, as American investors have more ready money than any others.

The objection of the Washington authorities to the proposed plan is not an abstract one, but is based on the legal difficulties attending it. The President has no authority to enter into such an agreement and there is no certainty that Congress would authorize or ratify it. Under the circumstances, the best course open is to appeal to The Hague tribunal. It was created for just such a purpose and should have an exercise of its powers to establish its standing.

SENATOR VEST, of Missouri, says if the prosperity we now enjoy is continued up to the next election there will be no need of any Democratic policy in 1904. President McKinley's administration may be trusted to look after the prosperity. It is a creature of Republican creation and will be carefully guarded and nourished and the Democrats will find it an unsurmountable barrier to their success in 1904.

"GENTLEMEN of the jury," cried the counsel for the defendant, "if there ever was a case, which in any case must be carefully compared with other cases, this case is that case."

"Which case?" asked the puzzled judge.

On account of a scarcity of brick in a Texas town the congregation of the local church allowed their new edifice to remain unfinished while a saloon was being erected.

We really think that it would not be wise for the editor of the "Commoner" to stir up any comparisons of war records.

LET WELL ENOUGH ALONE.

It is estimated that the men employed in the different concerns composing the United States Steel company number 189,000, receiving \$15,000,000 a month in wages. This would be an average of about \$80 a month each, or \$2.66 per day. But this only represents those directly employed. At least half a million are employed in dependent industries, averaging probably \$2 per day, or \$300,000,000 a year. Even this does not include the many thousands engaged in transportation, nor does it include the thousands of managers and clerks whose salaries amount to many millions of dollars more. Here alone is a purchasing power of enormous strength, which traverses every channel of industry. Many of these men own stock in the great concern or loan it money from which they receive dividends or interest.

It is such items as this which make up our immense home market and create a domestic demand for the products of farm and factory beside which our export trade is insignificant. There is no reason why we should not extend foreign markets as much as possible, but not even at the expense of our sure home market. Free Traders would ruin this constant domestic demand for the sake of an entrance to a foreign market which we might or might not retain. By letting in a flood of the products of cheap foreign labor we should soon have an adverse balance of trade and our own purchasing power would at once decline because of idleness and lower wages at home. We might better try to sell nothing abroad than to sacrifice a single domestic industry. Our home market is probably fifty times the worth of all foreign markets. Let us preserve it to the fullest extent possible, reaching abroad as well in search of customers for our surplus products. We are increasing our foreign markets very rapidly as it is, much faster than Free Trade England. Let well enough alone is a good rule in markets as in everything else.

WHERE WE ARE THICKEST.

A recent report from the Census Bureau shows that Rhode Island is still the most densely populated State in the Union. "Little Rhody" has 407 inhabitants to the square mile. Massachusetts comes next with not quite 349 inhabitants to the square mile. New Jersey is third, with a little more than 250 inhabitants to the square mile, and Connecticut is fourth, with a trifle more than 187 inhabitants to the square mile. The other States which have more than 100 inhabitants to the square mile are New York, with 152.6; Pennsylvania, with 140.1; Maryland, with 120.5, and Ohio, with 102. Nevada has only four-tenths of a person to the square mile; Alaska, one-tenth.

THE President will have to make about 200 appointments to the army from civil life owing to the fact that at least that many volunteer officers examined for appointment to the regulars have failed in their examinations. No purpose exists to make additional selections from volunteer ranks for examination, as it is believed the best material was secured when the War Department ordered the present men before boards to pass upon their qualifications for commissions. The civilian appointments will be made early in the summer, and by July 1 the volunteer army will have ceased to exist, and from that time appointments will be made for the permanent branch.

It is entirely obvious to anyone who is not prejudiced that the status of the Philippines is not the same as that of Porto Rico, after the signing of the peace treaty. Our title is the same, of course, but we are still ruling there by military law, the acts of which in Porto Rico were supported by the Supreme court.

ONCE in so often men are elected to the Vice Presidency of the United States and to the French Academy of Immortals. In both cases they disappear.

THE VICTORY IS WITH THE JOBBERS.

The new Capitol bill passed the House finally Tuesday, but as it carries an appropriation of \$1,000,000 less than when it came from the Senate it will have to go back to the latter body for concurrence in the change. It has been authoritatively given out that an agreement has been reached by which it is certain to become a law.

Many of those originally opposed to the job have been placed ostensibly by the reduction in the amount appropriated. The scheme at the beginning of the session was to get \$6,000,000. This, under pressure, was soon reduced to \$5,000,000, but there was so much opposition to this—an amount \$1,000,000 larger than the outside estimate of the architect—that it became necessary to reduce it to \$4,000,000 before there could be any assurance of getting anything at all. Throughout all the struggle the jobbers have clung to the one purpose not to permit the act to name a building commission of practical and experienced men who would see to it that the work was done without jobbery and none of the money wasted. Every effort made in either house to secure such a commission was defeated.

On that point the victory is with the jobbers, and that is really the vital feature of the whole matter. There may be men in the Legislature who think they are limiting the cost of the new Capitol to \$4,000,000 by this bill, but they are not familiar with recent experience in such matters. No more than the amount appropriated can be expended, but what is to compel the commission, which Governor Stone is to name, to complete the building for that amount? What is to prevent that commission from spending all the money on enlarged plans and more rough walls and leaving the work as the present building was left, reported completed by the commission, but requiring the expenditure of many millions to put it in decent shape? There is no more in the present act to prevent such a result than there was in the act under which the existing monstrosity was erected.

What the commission did was to ignore the law which instructed it to erect a complete building for the use of the Legislature, which it could have done within the appropriation made. It has never been called to account. That will be an agreeable example for another commission to follow, and when after four or five years the \$4,000,000 have been expended and an unfinished building is the result what is going to be done about it? Is it intended to allow the commission to fraudulently report the work as completed, as the last commission did, and then go ahead and appropriate more millions? That will depend, of course, upon what influences may be in control of the Legislature at that time.

In the light of experience, however, no one can say that the reduction of the amount in the bill to \$4,000,000 gives any assurance that it is the limit to the expenditure. It is nothing of the kind. The State will be fortunate if it does not have to expend two or three times as much before it is done with the job.

It's just as well from a party point of view that the McLaurin-Tillman resignation is off. McLaurin is all right in his principles, of course, but recent events have shown that he is not a leader and would not have a ghost of a show to win out.

It doesn't seem to occur to Chicago that a permanent commission de lunatico inquiring to sit on Dr. Herron, Prophet Elijah Dowie, and some of the crank college professors, might be a good thing. Chicago is getting as freaky as Kansas.

ANDREW CARNEGIE has been made an LL.D. by the Glasgow University. In this way that country is beginning to show its appreciation of his gifts by degrees, says the Philadelphia "Times."

THE Italian suicides in prison are not likely to cause many murderers to presume on the absence of capital punishment over there.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, June 11th, 1901. President McKinley is only seeing those of his callers who have important public business to discuss, owing to Mrs. McKinley's continued critical condition. She is not worse than she has been at any time since her return to Washington, but then neither is she perceptibly better. It is this barely holding her own that is alarming in such a case as hers. Members of the Cabinet are doing everything in their power to relieve President McKinley of the routine executive work, by only calling his personal attention to the most important matters.

Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, who is in Washington on official business, said of the McLaurin-Tillman mix-up in South Carolina: "The fight is between democrats, and I have nothing to do with it, but there is a strong sympathy for Senator McLaurin among business men and manufacturers of our section, who are democrats. They believe that he represents their interests and the best interests of the South. I am willing to make this prediction, however, both North and South Carolina, will soon be in the republican column, and the day is not far distant when that will take place. Other southern states are leaning that way, too. Senator McLaurin is also in Washington. He expresses absolute confidence that a majority of the South Carolina voters will endorse his position."

Representative Mercer, of Nebraska, hopes that Attorney General Knox will not take advantage of the authority he has to make a contract for the erection of the new building for the Department of Justice, because he considers the site, on Pennsylvania avenue, entirely too small and the appropriation available inadequate for the erection of a suitable building. He said on the subject: "I believe that all new Federal buildings in Washington should be large, imposing and commodious, built for the future and not for the present. Our forefathers showed splendid judgment when they planned the Capitol, White House and Treasury. There's the Congressional library. It has been admired by thousands. We ought to erect another building for the Supreme Court and the Department of Justice, near the Library. The City Hall, of Philadelphia has cost \$21,000,000 so far, and the State House at Albany, \$16,000,000, but neither is admired as much as the Congressional Library, which cost a little over \$6,000,000. The small amount of money appropriated for the new building of the Department of Justice, will not erect much of a building. It certainly will not make a showing on the small piece of ground owned by the department. I like to see big buildings in spacious grounds. The people are willing to pay for them and that ought to be sufficient."

Secretary Long headed off a scheme of some real estate speculators, who have acquired the land that will be needed for the establishment of the Naval Station, on Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, and have been holding it at extortionate prices, by instructing the commandant of the Naval Station at Honolulu, to consult with the U. S. District Attorney there, in regard to proceedings to protect the interests of the government in securing the needed land at Pearl Harbor. By the same steamer, at the request of Secretary Long, orders from Attorney General Knox went to the U. S. District Attorney, to take the necessary steps before July 1, to condemn the land needed for the Naval Station. This alertness will convince those speculators that Uncle Sam is not always an easy mark.

Discussion of Representative Baile's idea of removing the tariff from all products of the steel trust, has brought out some interesting facts about the steel trade. It has been shown that big as the big trust is, it by no means controls the steel trade in this country, there being many establishments, some of them employing a large number of men, which have no connection with the trust. It seems to be generally admitted that the removal of the tariff on steel products would not injure the big trust to any marked extent, but it is claimed that it would necessitate an immediate reduction of wages in all steel establishments not in the trust. This claim, which is being made by those who ought to know whereof they speak, is causing many who were at first inclined to favor Mr. Baile's idea, to entertain doubts of its wisdom, and if it be substantiated by unprejudiced investigation, which a number of members of the House are quietly making, the bill for the repeal of the tariff on steel products will not be supported by a corporate guard of republicans in either branch of Congress, at the coming session. Desirable as many consider it to curb the power of the big trusts, the republican majority in Congress are not going to be stampeded into the support of anything of that sort, without carefully considering it from every point of view, and they will certainly not allow any legislation to get through that will reduce the wages of American workmen.

The Cuban Constitutional Convention reassembled Monday to consider General Wood's communication notifying them that they must accept the Platt amendment unconditionally before they will be allowed to organize a government of their own. The latest advice indicates a disposition on the part of a majority of the convention to be stubborn, and immediate action is not expected.

THE NEW WOMAN.



Mrs. Rose Parker.

Mrs. Rose Parker, President William Downes Woman's Relief Corps No. 43, also chaplain Northwestern Legion of Honor, writes from 2419 Central avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"For several years I suffered with a severe headache, and constant dragging pains. Some doctors gave it one name and some another, but none gave relief. Several of my friends urged me to try Peruna, so I was finally persuaded to try it and the first bottle brought blessed relief. I have used it off and on for three years. It keeps me in excellent health."

Dr. Rachel A. Magaw, 67 W. Jefferson street, Springfield, O., says: "Your Peruna is worth its weight in gold. I feel like a new woman."

The coming of what is known as the "new woman" in our country is not greeted by everyone as if she were a great blessing. But there is another new woman whom every body is glad to see. Every day some invalid woman is exclaiming, "I have been made a new woman by Dr. Hartman's home treatment." It is only necessary to send name, address, symptoms, duration of sickness and treatment already received to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., and directions for one month's treatment will be promptly forwarded. The medicines can be obtained at the nearest drug store.

"Health and Beauty" sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

STRANGE ROBBERIES.

Mystery on an Ocean Liner Explained at Last.

Not many weeks ago the newspapers published accounts of mysterious wholesale robberies on one of the ocean greyhounds plying between New York City and Liverpool. The authorities on board ship asserted themselves to their utmost, but no clue to the offenders could be obtained. State room after state room was entered, and in nearly every case some valuable jewels were abstracted. Scotland Yard detectives were summoned, but the most astute thief catchers of that celebrated agency failed to meet with any success. Later developments, however, have thrown some light on the mystery. On board and receiving the constant attention of a lady and gentleman passenger was a fine, large group of or-triches, consigned to one J. H. Percival, Paris, France. The lady and gentleman, it seems, after the steamer landed, disappeared, as did also the flock of feathered beauties. All trace of the birds was lost, until the other day, when they were unloaded at the Plant System dock. The tag, however, had been changed and one of the birds was missing. It turned out to be a most valuable bird, however, and the discovery was the work of a New York sleuth hound. On every visit to the hold of the steamer by the aforesaid lady and gentleman this particular ostrich was fed a jewel watch, diamond ring or some other valuable article—purloined by this couple from the state rooms of their fellow passengers. This particular ostrich seemed to feast on jewelry. Be that as it may, the bird's feathers now adorn some Parisian, and the contents of his stomach await identification in the office of chief Devery, in New York City. The lady and gentleman are in the hands of the Paris police, who arrested them as they were about to sail for America, after having reshipped the ostrich to New York. Having no reason to detain the birds and as the real culprit had been sacrificed on the other side, the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals sold them to the agent of the great John Robinson circus, which will exhibit at Bellefonte Tuesday June, 25.

Geo. W. Kephart Dead.

George Washington Kephart died at his home, in Tyrone, at five minutes past 6 o'clock Tuesday morning, of kidney affliction, from which he suffered about a year. Born at Washington, Centre county, July 23, 1848, he was 52 years, 10 months and 13 days old.

The deceased had lived in Tyrone about twenty-five years, and was a railroad by occupation. A Presbyterian in religious faith, he was a quiet, good man. He was exceptionally retired in disposition, so much so that his acquaintance in the community was quite limited. His parents are both dead. Surviving are one sister and two brothers, viz: Miss Harriet Kephart and H. C. Kephart of Tyrone, William T. Kephart, of Ironton.

The funeral will be held this afternoon, services at the home at 2 o'clock by Rev. A. S. Weisley. Interment at the Tyrone cemetery.

PATTON-GROS.

Brilliant Nuptial Event at Curwensville Last Friday.

The wedding of Miss Honora P. Patton, daughter of the late ex-Congressman John Patton, of Curwensville, to Dr. Edmund L. Gros, a distinguished American physician of Paris, France, was solemnized Friday at Curwensville. The wedding was a most elaborate affair. The wedding is the ending of a romance begun in Paris, where, Miss Patton falling ill, called in Dr. Gros, who fell in love with her.

At noon the wedding party entered the church, Dr. George Edward Reed, president of Dickinson college, came into the church as the eight ushers, Messrs. H. J. Patton, of Curwensville; Thomas R. Waymouth and Albert B. Kerr, of New York; Clarence A. Weymouth and Sedgwick Kistler, of Lock Haven; Wm. D. I. Arnold, of DuBois; C. A. McCauley Jr., of Ridgway, and Wm. I. Betts, of Clearfield, Pa., came down the right aisle.

The bridesmaids, Misses Emma Patton and Honora P. Russell, of Curwensville; Miss Arnold, of DuBois; Miss Weymouth, of Lock Haven; Miss Dill, of New York, and Miss Gros, of Paris, France, came, one by one, down the left aisle. The matron of honor was Mrs. Wm. F. Patton. The best man was Benard Desouche, of Paris. The bride entered with her brother, William F. Patton.

The bride wore a princess gown of dead white satin, with yoke and sleeves of point lace. Her veil was of point lace, caught with a crescent of diamonds, the gift of Dr. Gros. She wore no gloves, and carried to the altar a white satin wedding book. The matron of honor, at the request of the bride, wore the gown in which she was married a year ago, white satin, with point lace, and carried the bride's bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley, until the conclusion of the ceremony, when she took the wedding book, and the bride carried the bouquet.

The bridesmaids were gowned in white silk mull and English valenciennes lace over ivory tulle; they wore picture hats of pink roses, white mitts, and carried great bunches of pink June roses.

Dr. and Mrs. Gros left on the evening train for New York, sailing for Paris on the 13th of June, and will be at home after August 1, at 28 Rue de Pontneuf.

Guests were present from all parts of the country.

Doctoring.

When we speak about driving a disease out of the body we are talking sheer nonsense. What we can do, and what medicine does for us, is to favor the body's powers of resistance and repair. Medicines are given to aid these powers, while in a few cases drugs are known which possess actual powers of killing the germs that beset us. Quinine acts in malaria, for instance, because it kills the germs that develop in the blood, and other drugs which are specific for certain diseases probably owe their action to similar powers. After all, the doctor is only the servant of nature in that his training teaches him to note symptoms, to weigh the probabilities of the case, to be on the alert to assist nature when occasion arises and to favor in every way the process of natural recovery.

Right of States to Secede.

Montgomery, Ala., June 8.—The feature of Thursday's session of the Constitutional Convention was the ordinance introduced by Mr. Sanford, of Montgomery, to strike out that part of the preamble which declares that no State has a right to secede. He says it is unnecessary. Another ordinance which created much laughter was that of Mr. Pierce, of Marion, that no man who is learned in law hereafter shall hold any office except those of a judicial nature.

Another important ordinance was that of Mr. Foster, of Tuscaloosa, that no new ordinance shall be introduced after June 10; that the convention take a recess of one week on that date, the committees to sit in the meantime and get their reports ready.

Villainous Conduct.

A few nights ago the premises of Joseph Rue, who resides on the McMullin farm near Spring Hope, was visited by some one, much worse than a thief or robber. The villain secured an ax belonging to Mr. Rue and proceeded to the destruction of peach trees, one hundred and eighty-nine of which were downed. The trees were of four years growth and were in good bearing condition. Not satisfied with this mischief, the intruder partially cut the tail off a horse, destroyed a buggy top and all the harness and heavy ears to be found on the premises. This was the most dastardly act ever perpetrated in the neighborhood, and the perpetrator, if found, should have the benefit of a free ride to Allegheny.—Bedford Inquirer.

Must Serve Sentence.

The supreme court has refused to grant a new trial to J. C. Harman, of Pottsville, convicted of voluntary manslaughter and sentenced to serve eight months in the county jail. Harman was charged with the killing of Ezekiel Hewitt on the 3d of July, 1899, and was tried before Judge Crawford, of Green county, who, when he was found guilty, sentenced him as above. Harman will now have to serve his sentence in the county jail.

—The man who complains that he has nothing to do seems to lose sight of the fact that there are a great many things he should not do.

THE CLASS OF 1901 P. S. C.

Continued from First Page.

cellent manner and added a great deal to the success of the occasion.

The College graduated this week a class of 51 students, the largest in the history of the institution. The graduates are as follows:

Grace Mabel Alexander, Centre Hall; Albert Miles Arney, Centre Hall; Charles Heyd Baseler, St. Thomas; William Harkness Buckhout, State College; John Craig, Greenwood Furnace; Clayton Eugene Cronch Jr., Oswego, N. Y.; Thomas Crumley, Wayne; Orren Gilbert Cypher, Saxton; Arnet Hutchinson Dodds, Titusville; George Washington Dodge, Lancaster; George Abraham Elder, Philipsburg; Edward Savage Erb, State College; David Lloyd Bynon, Philadelphia; John Harvey Fahnestock, Harrisburg; Isaac Grantham Gordon Foster, State College; Thomas Elway Fugate, DuBois; Reuben Jasper Gardner, Factoryville; Alfred Stevens Glasgow, Bellwood; Robert Olin Glenn, State College; Paul Collins Haldeman, Marietta; Charles Miller Harris, Bellefonte; Sara Bertha Harter, State College; Harry Clayton Heaten, Woodmont; Harry Joseph Hunsicker, Lehigh; John Hunsicker, Jr., Lebanon; Willis Alden Ishler, Bellefonte; George Hall Kittredge, Tunkhannock; Samuel Harrison Kuhn, Altoona; Elmer Theodore McNeary, Harrisburg; Franklin Fletcher Miller, Bruin; Olive Cora Miller, State College; Thomas Harrison Miller, Bruin; Harry Lee Minges, Wilkesbarre; Josiah Burlette Moke, Pittsburg; Brooke Lindsay Moore, Harrisburg; Harry Raymond Nelson, Saxton; William Charles Pollock, Osceola; Charles Hensel Raub, Quarryville; George Krug Reed, Lancaster; Joseph Paul Ritenour, Uniontown; Harris Abram Robbins, Goshen, N. Y.; Joseph Dravo Robbins, Robbins Station; James Coburn Rogers, Bellefonte; William Fay Ross, Williamsburg; Joseph Shirk Rubie, State College; Robert William Salisbury, Pittsburg; William Marion Schure, Selinsgrove; LeRoy Scholl, Williamsport; Charles Franklin Shoop, Mechanicsburg; Willard Aaron Smith, Philadelphia; and George Johnston Stuart, Boalsburg.

A Remarkable Blossom.

For a few days they can be seen at No. 101 E. Linn Street, Wednesday morning. Rev. Mr. Crittenden took a specimen as he said "to the Farmers College to get the correct botanical name from Prof. Butts," on his way to the train he submitted it to more than a dozen of our best educated citizens. One professional said it belonged to a species of mock orange. Another who owns an interest in a large farm near town could not tell what it was. Before taking the train he went into one of our largest stores, he will not give names but the proprietor, principal salesman and three clerks knew nothing about it.

On the train he created no little amusement passing it around among the ladies and gentlemen, their names he withholds at present. At the college he submitted it to Prof. Butts, botanist. Opening his keen botanic search light upon it he said, "that's a potato blossom." So it was and no more.

Found Dead in the Woods.

From the Houtzdale Citizen.

The body of Isaac Pool, a man about 40 years old, was brought to this place for burial on Saturday last, the funeral taking place Sunday afternoon. The man lived at Belsena and left his home on Tuesday last week to do some gardening a short distance from Belsena. Several days passed and he failed to return. Being a man who frequently went hunting, his absence did not alarm his people. On Friday a couple of young girls were passing the place where he had gone to work and to their horror came across his dead body. An inquest was held and the verdict was that he died of heart failure. He was thrice married and so far as we know had no children.

NOT THE ONLY ONE.

There are Hundreds of Bellefonte People Similarly Situated.

Can there be any stronger proof offered than the evidence of Bellefonte residents? After you have read the following quietly answer the question.

Mr. William Valencia East Lamb street, Night watchman, says: "For 2 years or more off and on, I had trouble with my back and pains in the upper part of my spine accompanied by a disagreeable feeling in my head and acute lameness right over my kidneys. At first I thought it was my liver but later found it arose from the kidneys not acting properly. I read of the many cures that had been made in Bellefonte by Doan's Kidney Pills and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store. They stopped the annoyance from the kidneys and removed the lameness and aching in my back. They did me any amount of good and I do not hesitate to recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

—Pennsylvania voters will be given an opportunity next fall to vote on the question of voting machines.

—The Methodist Episcopal congregation of Butler, will erect a church building to cost \$25,000.

THE BELLEFONTE ACADEMY.

A Successful Year Closed and a Still Brighter One in Store for Patrons and Pupils.

The Bellefonte Academy will close another very successful year on Friday of this week. The examinations have been going on since Monday and will conclude with the Princeton and Penna. State examinations on Thursday and Friday.

One student took the Haverford College examination on Monday and Tuesday at the Academy and on June 26 and 27 three of the young men will be permitted to take the Yale University preliminary examination here which privilege is afforded this worthy school this year for the first time in its history. Surely the Academy is to be congratulated on the confidence reposed in it by these foremost institutions of learning and Bellefonte students should deem themselves happy in the enjoyment of such privileges. A school that commands such respect abroad should have the heartiest support of every citizen at home and not a solitary need should go unsupplied. With the utmost respect for all the excellent teachers who have been associated with the Academy in past years, the principals take great pleasure in announcing to the public that beyond all question this institution will begin the coming year with the strongest faculty all things considered, it has ever had.

The departments have been entirely rearranged as follows: The Principals Rev. J. P. Hughes and J. R. Hughes will continue to do the same work they have done for years in Mathematics and Classics, respectively, Mr. Arthur H. Kilen a graduate of Yale University an honor man in his class, a member of his class crew, and an athlete generally—in short a leader among Yale men, will assist in taking charge of the higher Mathematics and the Sciences and will superintend the athletic life of the school.

Miss Elizabeth Hill, of Connecticut, a graduate of a leading Academy and Normal School of her state and also of Wesleyan University, a woman of seven years most successful experience in teaching and disciplining will assume charge of the young ladies room teaching the English branches belonging to all departments from the Intermediate through the College preparatory year.

The Modern Languages and History will be in charge of Miss Kate Davis, a Pennsylvanian by birth, who traveled and studied in France and Germany and has taught with remarkable success since in preparing for Bryn Mawr and other prominent colleges. Post graduate classes will be formed to offer the advantages of this course to those in town who may wish to keep up their modern Language culture. Miss Davis is well known to many of our best people.

The primary department will be under the care of Miss Helen E. Overton who has during the past five years held its work up to the highest possible standard of interest and proficiency. She will again be ably assisted by Miss Margaret Thomas.

With this explanation, it will not be surprising that the Academy anticipates in the next year the most successful one in its history.

SUIT FOR LOSS OF HER HUSBAND

Mrs. Nannie Heaton Wants \$50,000 from the Standard Underground Cable Co.

Suit is to be brought in the United States District Court, on behalf of Mrs. Nannie Heaton of Bellefonte, against the Standard Underground Cable Co., for damages in the sum of \$50,000, which Mrs. Heaton will claim for the loss of her husband's life while he was in the Standard's service in Johnston.

Harvey Heaton, husband of the plaintiff, was a Standard Co. linesman and died at the Memorial hospital in Johnston, last March from injuries received by falling 35 feet from a pole while engaged at his work of fixing wires.

The fall was the result of the breaking of a pulley hook. Heaton's left arm was shattered, but his death is ascribed to internal injuries. The deceased was 27 years of age, a native of Centre county and is survived by his widow and two children, the youngest having been born within the past month. Heaton served his country during the Spanish-American war. It is said on good authority that the company offered \$150 in settlement. N. B. Spangler District Attorney of Centre county, is in Johnston this week, looking up witnesses and otherwise caring for the interests of his client.

—Forty years ago last Monday, the 10th day of June, 1861, the first general engagement of the Civil war took place at Big Bethel church, Virginia, and history tells us that Private Wyatt, of the First North Carolina regiment, was the first Rebel soldier to be killed. The battle was between Gen. Butler's force of 3000 Federals and General McGrader's Rebel force of 7000 men. The attack was made by the Rebels and in the fighting that lasted until nightfall they gained no advantage. The Federal force withdrew to Fortress Monroe after night had fallen on account of their supply of ammunition being exhausted. One of DuBois' well known residents, J. R. Shaffer, of Morris street, was a participant in the battle, and he enjoys the distinction of being the first soldier from Pennsylvania to engage in battle in the Civil war.

COMING TO BELLEFONTE

TUESDAY, JUNE 25

\$3,500 Daily Expenses; \$100,000 New Features;
\$2,000,000 Invested.

Coming on its Own Palace Special Trains. 77th Year of the Oldest, Biggest and Best Show on Earth. The Pioneers and Perpetuators of Tented Amusement Institutions.

JOHN ROBINSON'S
Ten Big Shows All
United!

4 Circuses—3 Menageries—2 Stages—Roman Hippodrome

Combined with the Grand Biblical Spectacular Production,

KING SOLOMON AND THE QUEEN OF SHEBA



An Impressive and Eminent moral and Mind Elevating, Pageant and Scenic Spectacle, with its Enchanting Ballads, Magnificent Scenery and Gorgeous Costumes. 100 Beautiful Ballet Girls.

500 Men, Women and Horses in the Cast.

CARL HAGENBACK'S

—HERD OF—

PERFORMING ELEPHANTS

Elephants that Waltz. Elephants that Actually Play Musical Instruments. Elephants that do everything but talk.

100 New and Novel Circus Acts.

1,000 Rare and Costly Animals.

50 Hair Raising Races.

GRAND FREE \$300,000 STREET PARADE!

5 Bands of Music, Pipe and Drum Corps, Chime of Bells, 50 Cars and Gilded Dens, 25 Tableaux Cars, 12 Traps, 300 Thoroughbred Horses, 50 Miniature Ponies, Steam Callopes drawn by 40 Ponies and driven by one man. Two Herds of Elephants.

Excursions on all lines of travel.

Bellefonte, Tuesday, June 25, 1901.

REBERSBURG NEWS.

H. W. Bord and wife arrived in town Friday from Philadelphia where he is taking a veterinary course.

The wedding of Miss Winifred Wolfe and Ed. Brungart passed off very quietly.

Miss Elizabeth Moyer arrived home on Thursday and Sara on Saturday, the former had been teaching in Wilkesbarre and the latter at Danville.

H. I. Brungart, the bustling life insurance agent of Wilkesbarre, came home to attend the wedding of his brother.

The schools have again been assigned to the different teachers: Meyer and Limbert go to Madisonburg; Noah Brungart to Harters; H. W. Morris, Rebersburg; Grammar; J. C. Morris intermediate; T. A. Auman the primary.

Children's Day service, rendered Sunday evening was a decided success, the decorations were neat and artistic, the house was packed to the utmost.

C. M. Haines, H. E. Corman and Ammon Walker left for the Pan-American Exposition this week.

T. W. Walker is building an addition to his barn.

The West end of the town certainly goes in for fine homes, they have the paint fever.

Miss Mable Brungart arrived home from Allentown Female college on Saturday.

Caring for an Historic Spot.

Recently the Huntingdon Presbytery appointed Rev. W. H. Schuyler, Judge Jas. A. Beaver and C. P. Long a committee to look after a neglected graveyard in Penns Valley.

The spot referred to is on the Muser farm a little east of Penn Hall. Here the Presbyterians in 1775 had at least an informal organization, and in 1785 erected a log church. This is perhaps the first religious society and the first church building of any denomination to come into existence in Penns Valley. The Rev. James Martin, an ancestor of Judge Martin Bell, of Blair county, was the first settled pastor, having accepted a call April 15, 1789. In this church the Presbytery of Huntingdon was organized April 14, 1795. Pastor Martin died June 20, 1795, and his remains lie in the graveyard of the church under a stone slab which bears the following inscription:

"Here lies the body of the Rev. James Martin, pastor of the first Presbyterian

congregation in Penns Valley, who died June 20, 1795, aged about 65 years.

'Deep was the wound, O Death, and vastly wide,

When he resigned his useful breath and died Ye sacred tribes with pious sorrow mourn, And drop a tear at your dear pastor's urn.

Concealed a moment from our longing eyes, Beneath this stone his mortal body lies. Happy the Spirit lives; and will, we trust, In bliss associate with his pious dust."

Soon after Mr. Martin's death the building was sold to another denomination, and the Presbyterians united with the Sinking Creek church at Centre Hill. The old log church near Penn Hall has disappeared. All that remains to mark the spot, in addition to Mr. Martin's tomb, are a few neglected graves. An effort is to be made to care properly for this spot of more than usual interest in the religious history of Penns Valley.

—The Canadian Pacific railway has engaged seven of the best Swiss guides to conduct excursions in the Rocky mountains this summer. This is the third batch that have been engaged by the company.

REAL ESTATE,

Loan And Title Co.
Of Centre County.

JOHN C. MILLER, President.
EDMUND BLANCHARD, Secretary.
J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Treasurer

Real Estate and Conveyancing.

Valuable Town and Country property for sale or rent.

Properties cared for and rents collected.

Loans Negotiated.

Titles Examined.

Certified Abstracts of Titles furnished upon application.

If you have a Farm or Town Property for sale or rent place it in our hands.

If you wish to buy or rent a farm or horse consult us.

If you wish to borrow money call on us. Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is our's to assure you.

OFFICE:

Room 3, - Bush Arcade, - Bellefonte

Additional Locals.

—Wm. A. Tobias, one of Millheim's leading citizens transacted business in Bellefonte last week.

—Cycling has its ups and downs. After the downs, use Banner Salve if you're cut or bruised. It heals the hurt quickly. Take no substitutes. All druggists.

—The Philipsburg school board has re-elected I. H. Mauser, formerly of Lock Haven, superintendent of the schools in that place.

—Allen Halverson, of West Prairie, Wis., says: "People come ten miles to buy Foley's Kidney Cure," while A. J. Spero, of Helmer, Ind., says: "It is the medical wonder of the age." All druggists.

—Make a note on your calendar that June 14 is flag day and when the day comes fling out "Old Glory" to the breeze.

A. O. Blanchard, West Bangor, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years. Have doctored with several physicians and I got no relief until I used two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure." All druggists.

—The letter carriers at the post office have donated their new summer helmets which Postmaster Montgomery so generously presented to them. They are made of bamboo, look nice and must be very cool and comfortable in warm weather.

—William Woodard, of Decatur, Ia., writes: "I was troubled with kidney disease for several years, and four one dollar size bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure cured me. I would recommend it to anyone who has kidney trouble." All druggists.

—Rev. James Saas is to remain in charge of the parish of the Catholic church at Lock Haven. He had been transferred to Middletown, Pa., but Bishop Shanahan granted the prayer of his Lock Haven congregation to permit him to remain with them.

—The lack of energy you feel, the backache and a run down condition generally, all mean kidney disorder. Foley's Kidney Cure will restore your strength and vigor by making the kidneys well. Take no substitute. All druggists.

—A proposition to divide the Pittsburg diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church which embraces a large part of Pennsylvania will be introduced at the Protestant Episcopal national meeting in San Francisco shortly. It is proposed to make Erie the seat of the new diocese.

—The mere appearance of a business man's name and address in every issue of a leading newspaper will do much to increase his trade. Every business man, however, is able to give facts about his establishment which will encourage people to deal with him. To state such facts clearly (varying them day by day) in conspicuous type in a newspaper is the principal secret of successful advertising.

—Quite extensive improvements have been made at the Brant House until now it is one of the neatest and prettiest hotels in Central Pennsylvania. The interior has been thoroughly renovated, repainted and repaired. New furniture has been placed in many of the rooms and other improvements made. The exterior also presents a very inviting appearance. The lawn has been re-sodded, gravel walks laid and the old unsightly front fence has been torn away and replaced with a neat stone wall and terrace.

—John F. Harter, deputy revenue collector for Centre, Clinton and Union counties, will be at the Garman house in Bellefonte on Monday, June 24th, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. and at the Passmore house in Philipsburg on Tuesday, June 25th, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. He will be at these places for the purpose of receiving the special tax that is levied on dealers in spirituous and malt drinks, tobacco and cigars, proprietors of public exhibitions, bowling alleys, billiard rooms, brokers and all other special tax payers. It must be remembered that all such taxes must be paid in advance and the fine is heavy for failing to do so.

—With Judge Love presiding at court in Ebensburg the murder case growing out of what thus far seems to have been an unwarranted attack on the gypsy camp at Creson near Lilly in April by Constable Brown of Duncansville and others, is now on trial. The evidence heard yesterday indicates that the posse of officers attacked the camp of people who were unarmed. One of the gypsies, a man, was killed; and another, a woman, was very badly wounded. The defendants in the case are: Henry Brown, George Fertig, Henry L. Koons, Frank Myers, Sheridan Tiller, George and John Hazletraub and John Wilt. Brown and the two Hazletraubs are from Duncansville, Blair county, Brown being the constable there. The other defendants are from Galitzin, being either constables or men impressed into service as deputies to make the raid upon the gypsy camp. Constable John Dietrich, of Lilly, appeared as the prosecutor.

Engineer's Narrow Escape.

Tuesday at Milton while Engineer John Townsend was sitting in the engine room of the Milton manufacturing company, he was startled by a report similar to that of a shotgun. He jumped up off his chair to see what the trouble was and just as he took a step forward a large piece of the fly wheel, weighing 50 or 100 pounds, dropped up on the chair he had just vacated, smashing it to splinters.

WILL TAKE OUT CHARTERS

Only Waiting for Governor Stone to sign Foelt and Emery Bills.

MAGNATES FLOCK TO HARRISBURG

They Come from Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Reading, Scranton, Pottstown, Johnstown and Other Cities Prepared for Business.

QUAY AND PENROSE ALSO THERE

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—Congressman Robert Foeltner, accompanied by several others, who are believed to be interested in the incorporation of new railway companies under the acts of the general assembly passed this week, left last night for Harrisburg. It is said on good authority that the governor will today sign both the Foelt bill, providing for the incorporation of underground and elevated railways, and the Emery bill, amending the present railway laws, and that Mr. Foeltner will immediately take out five charters. The names of the new companies will be the Northern Rapid Transit company, Eastern Rapid Transit company, the Western Rapid Transit company, the Southern Rapid Transit company and the Central Rapid Transit company.

Each company will be separate and distinct from the other. The total mileage of streets which the five companies will cover aggregates 120 miles and the capitalization will be \$100,000 a mile, or \$12,000,000 for the five companies. The companies will be devoted to surface railways and will not embrace elevated roads. Other incorporators besides Mr. Foeltner are John M. Mack, Michael Murphy and Clarence Wolff.

It is said that four elevated railroads will also be incorporated under the Foelt bill. These routes will be along Market street, Front street, Frankford avenue and Ridge avenue.

GATHERING IN HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 8.—Street railway promoters are here today from Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Reading, Scranton, Pottstown, Johnstown and other large cities, prepared to take out charters as soon as the bills are approved. United States Senator Quay reached here early last evening from Washington and is staying with Governor Stone. Attorney General Elkin and Insurance Commissioner Durnan are also guests of the governor.

United States Senator Penrose, Congressman Foeltner, Charles Wolff and James P. McNichol, of Philadelphia, arrived here at 11 o'clock and joined the party at the executive mansion. With them was Thomas S. Bigelow, a Pittsburg capitalist and street railway magnate.

George T. Oliver, of Pittsburg, reached here from that city soon after the arrival of the party from Philadelphia to attend the conference at the governor's home.

W. I. Barryman, W. K. McMullin and C. F. Thompson, Pittsburg capitalists, are here for the purpose, it is believed, of taking out a charter for an underground railway in the Smoky City. Ex-Judge Sadler, of Carlisle, who promoted trolley roads in Wilkesbarre, Greensburg and other localities in Pennsylvania, has been in Harrisburg for several days, and it is thought he will take out charters to build roads in the Cumberland valley.

Mr. Oliver traveled from Pittsburg in the private car "Hungary" of Vice President Charles E. Fugh, of the Pennsylvania railroad. With him were his brother, Henry W. Oliver, ex-Lieutenant Governor Walter Lyon, Charles N. McKee and Richard K. Quay, of Pittsburg. They will go from here to Donegal, Lancaster county, today to be the guests of ex-United States Senator Cameron.

Married at Rebersburg.

A pretty wedding took place at the home of ex-Commissioner John Wolf, at Rebersburg, Wednesday, June 5, when Miss Winifred S. Wolf and Prof. Edwin M. Brungart were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed in the presence of a number of guests, immediate relatives of the principals, by Rev. Herman, of the Lutheran church. The wedding party Thursday morning started for Buffalo. The bride and groom are both young people who stand high socially in this community and everyone wishes them success through life.

JUNIOR DECLAMATORY CONTEST.

Held Wednesday Evening by the Students of the Bellefonte High School, Class of 1902.

The annual declamatory contest of the Junior class for the Bellefonte High school for the Reynolds prize was held in Garman's opera house Wednesday evening before an audience that packed that edifice to the doors. Shortly after 8 o'clock the curtain arose disclosing a very pretty stage picture. The young contestants, ten in number, were seated in a semi-circle around the stage and at their right sat their principal, Prof. John Meyer.

The stage was beautifully decorated for the occasion with flags, bunting, flowers and potted plants. The National colors were gracefully intermingled with color of the class of 1902 and at the sides of the stage there were potted plants and flowers in great profusion.

Exercises were opened by prayer by Dr. H. C. Holloway. Prof. Meyer in a graceful manner presided and introduced the speakers of the evening. Space will not permit us to mention each performer in particular but all deserve the greatest credit for the excellent manner in which they acquitted themselves.

The judges of the evening were Col. W. F. Reeder, Rev. J. T. Scott and Rev. G. W. Kershner, of Centre Hall. The task set before them was not an easy one but they performed their duty to the satisfaction of all present. At the close of the exercises they retired but soon returned with their decision which Col. Reeder announced from the stage. The judges were unanimous in their opinion giving the first prize to Miss Helen Crisman, daughter of W. H. Crisman, and the second prize to Miss Bertha Faxon, daughter of Thomas Faxon.

The prizes are ten dollars and five dollars respectively and are the result of the generosity of Col. W. F. Reynolds.

Interpersed in the program was music by Christy Smith's famous orchestra.

The program was as follows:

"Little Hallelujah's Convert," Kathryn Musser.
"Heroes of the Land of Penn," Lee Adams.
"The Old Wife's Last Kiss," Nettie Kern.
"The New South," Strohm Lee.
"Yacht," Bertha Faxon.
"The Defense of Hofer the Tyrolean Patriot," Irvin Noll.
"The Night Run of the Overland," Helen Schaeffer.
"The Storming of Mission Ridge," William Brown.
"The Roman Valentine," Helen Crisman.
"A Plea," James Taylor.

Fell From a Tree.

Curiosity to know whether a bird's nest contained eggs or young birds led to the death of Earl Moore, the 7 year old son of Geo. Moore, of Mill Hill. Tuesday June 4th, while Earl was in Agar's grove with other children he climbed a tree to examine the nest. The children who were with him are all so young that they can give but little information regarding the accident, but a limb that is broken on the tree would indicate that the boy fell about 20 feet. He came down head first and struck against a root of the tree, fracturing the skull. The injured boy was taken to the Lock Haven hospital where he died at 12 o'clock that night. Earl was a bright, manly little boy and a favorite with his companions.

The funeral took place Friday forenoon at 10 o'clock. Interment in Cedar Hill cemetery.

Seven Years In Bed.

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. L. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction is guaranteed. Only 50c. At F. Potts Green drug store.

Will Bellefonte Be In It.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 6.—John K. Skelley, a prominent dry goods man, and Homer C. Stewart, a leading banker, both of McKeesport, left for Carlisle Wednesday night to confer with J. W. Plank, concerning the proposed dry goods trust. The concern is chartered under Delaware laws as the Imperial Dry Goods company, with a capital of \$1,000,000, which will be increased later. The company proposes to establish in all of the larger towns of Pennsylvania general stores, or department houses, as they are called. The company will do its own importing and manufacturing to a great extent, thus doing away with middle men.

Some of the cities where stores will be established are Carlisle, York, Harrisburg, Conneville, Washington, New Castle, New Brighton, Scranton, Wilkesbarre and several other places.

A Terrible Explosion.

"Of a gas stove burned a lady here frightfully," writes N. E. Palmer, of Kirkman, Ia. "The best doctors couldn't heal the running sore that followed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve entirely cured her." Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Sores, Boils, Bruises, Skin Diseases and Piles. 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

—Robert Thompson, of Bellefonte has been granted a pension of \$12.00 per month.

HOW BIG SEA TURTLES FEED

Take Big Balls of Grass Out to Sea and Eat While Swimming.

With my gastronomic taste I naturally was very curious to know just what kind of terrapin are caught in these waters, for the dish is one much sought after by epicures and forms part of the menu for every first class hotel on the coast. I was told that none is caught about here, but was invited to a sea turtle hunt. Let the reader imagine a turtle weighing all the way from 1,200 to 1,500 pounds, and not long ago one was turned over on the beach near Miami that weighed more than 1,000 pounds. Of course I am giving the largest weight, for the average weight of those caught along the coast is about 500 pounds. After they are caught the turtles are kept for a long time, their captors feeding them on cabbage, lettuce, turnips, carrots and sea grasses.

The study of this monster shellfish is a most interesting one. In order to get rid of the parasites that cling to their shells they often enter fresh streams to enjoy a bath, but they are extremely timid and take fright at the least noise. The hunter knows, however, that the turtle feeds in brackish streams where the tide falls rather low and where the turtle grass grows in greatest profusion. The turtles cut great quantities of this grass and then roll it into a ball, cementing it as they roll it with the clay in which the grass grows, and in this way, when they have managed to amass a goodly supply of provisions, they wait for high tide and float away seaward, feeding as they float.

The professional hunters are quick to detect these balls, and just the moment they do so they set their seines and send their peggers, as the men are called, in search of the feeding shoals. Men are not the only enemies the turtles have, however, for bears, raccoons and other animals native to Florida destroy great numbers of them.—Jacksonville (Fla.) Cor. Baltimore American.

UNDER AN UMBRELLA.

An Expensive Adventure of a Famous Parisian Wit.

Romieu, the famous Parisian wit, was one day caught in a shower and forced to seek refuge in a doorway of the Opera House. It was 6 o'clock already, and he had an engagement in the Cafe de Paris for that very hour. The rain fell in torrents. There was no carriage to be had. He had no umbrella. What was to be done? While he was lamenting his bad luck a gentleman with a large umbrella passed by. Romieu was seized with a sudden inspiration. He rushed out and grasped the stranger by the arm and gravely installed himself under the protecting umbrella.

"Oh, overjoyed to see you," he immediately began. "I have been looking for you for two weeks. I wanted to tell you about Clementine."

Without giving the stranger time to express his surprise Romieu rattled away with gossip and anecdote until he had led the unknown companion to the door of the Cafe de Paris. Then he glanced at him with a face of well feigned astonishment.

"Pardon, monsieur!" he cried. "It seems I am mistaken."

"I believe so," said the stranger.

"Good gracious!" added Romieu. "Be discreet. Don't repeat what I have told you."

"I promise you."

"A thousand pardons!"

Romieu hastened within the cafe and amid great laughter told the adventure to his friends. Suddenly one of them said:

"Your cravat is rumpled."

Romieu put his hand to his neck and turned pale. His pin, a valuable sapphire, was gone. On further examination his purse and watch were found to be gone. The man with the umbrella was a pickpocket.—London Tit-Bits.

The Opal Superstition.

There is one superstition of wide range and influence that is directed against one of the most beautiful objects in nature, the opal. A man in my town failed in business, and what do you think he did? Took his opal ring into the yard and smashed it to pieces with a hammer! He ascribed his bankruptcy to that opal, and he intended neither to suffer such misfortune again nor to allow any other one to do so by inheriting or buying that ill starred property.

One of the most amusing instances of a trust in wrong things is reported from New York, where a man took an opal to a jeweler and asked him to sell it, as he had had nothing but bad luck since he owned it, his business ventures having failed, his children having suffered illness and the old scratch having been to pay generally. The jeweler found the gem to have been an imitation. Its falsity must have been obvious to everybody except the victim, because the opal is the stone that has never been even passably imitated.—New Lippincott.

His Emancipation.

Away back in 1771 Josiah Woodbury of Beverly, Mass., thus published his happy emancipation from matrimonial woes:

BEVERLY, Sept. 15, 1771.
Run away from Josiah Woodbury, cooper, his house plague for seven long years, Maury Old Moll, alias Trial of Vengeance. He that lost will never seek her; he that shall hear her I will give two bushel of beans. I forewarn all Persons in Town or Country from trusting said Trial of Vengeance. I have bore all the old (shove) I can find for joy, and all my neighbors rejoice with me. A good Riddance of bad Ware. Amen!
JOSHUA WOODBURY.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
J. C. Watson

HAPPY MOTHERS

Whose Strength Equals Their Love.

Few women if any shrink from the passing pain of maternity. All they ask is to feel the child's heart beating against their own as they hold it in strong arms to the full found from which it feeds. How rarely the mother's strength keeps pace with her love every woman knows. Often the baby is laid against a breast that cannot nourish it, and folded in arms almost too weak to bear the tiny burden. The woman who is strong and whose abundant vitality enables her to nurse her child and enjoy its care is looked upon as a marvel. She is con-



sidered an exception, peculiarly and specially endowed by nature. But the real marvel is not the strong woman but the weak one. She is the exception. The strong healthy woman is nature's type. She shows what every woman ought to be and what almost every woman may be by the use of proper means.

THE OTHER TWO WOMEN.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. The record shows that of the hundreds of thousands of women who have used "Favorite Prescription" ninety-eight per cent. have been absolutely and altogether cured. The other two women in each hundred for whom no complete cure was possible, have in general acknowledged a great improvement in their condition; headaches less frequent and less painful, backache greatly diminished; able to resume again the care of the household and take pleasure in social life. That is the general story of the two per cent. of women who had found no help in any other medicine but have by the use of "Favorite Prescription" found relief and comfort.

But think of the great army, the ninety-eight per cent., numbering hundreds of thousands of women who have been cured perfectly and permanently. No more headache, no more backache, no more monthly misery. Pain is a thing of the past. These are the women who are fit for maternity, who will have strength to give the child they bear. "I have intended for some time to write to you," says Mrs. Eva Burnett, of Russellville, Logan Co., Kentucky, "and give a testimonial in regard to what your medicine has done for me. My baby came in July, 1899, and I had congestive chills, and lay at death's door for ten long weeks. I was in a dreadful condition and had six of the best doctors in the city. After everything had been done and I had been given up to die I asked my husband to get me a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. He had no faith in it, but he got it, and when I had taken it two weeks I was able to walk to the dining room to my

The Soot Nuisance.

Last week's Gazette contained a timely article in regard to the soot nuisance which causes so much damage to property especially in the vicinity of the Steam heat and electric light works and suggests a remedy for same. It suggests the purchasing of smoke consumers by the different manufacturers. While being an expense at first they would cause an actual saving in the amount of coal used besides remedying the evil complained of. We heartily endorse the sentiments expressed in the Gazette article which was as follows:

The Bellefonte steam heat, gas and electric light plants are supposed to be public benefactors, and as such are patronized and encouraged by our people. Public appreciation, however, would be many times multiplied if the managers were to consider the welfare of the people living in the section of the town where these plants are located by providing their furnaces with smoke consumers, and not only save property owners from an oppressive annoyance and decided injury, but effect for themselves a saving of fifty per cent. on their fuel expense bills. The citizens whose properties have been damaged from year to year have made every possible overture to the managers of these concerns to remedy the evil—all of which have been met with a silence as oppressive as the black volumes of smoke which settle down on their premises, ruining the paint, turning sombre the rooms and wrecking everything with which it comes in contact. The evil has become unbearable and it is time an effort be made to remedy it—peaceably if can, forcibly if must.

Let some one take the matter in hand and present the prayer of the people to the town council, and we have no doubt that it will have the effect of compelling the deserved attention which has heretofore been refused it.

—Ira D. Rockard, Duncombe, Ia., writes: "My little boy scalded his leg from the knee to the ankle. I used Banner Salve immediately and in three weeks' time it was almost entirely healed. I want to recommend it to every family and advise them to keep Banner Salve on hand, as it is a sure remedy for scalds or any sores." All druggists.

meals, and by the time I had taken three bottles I was able to cook for my family of four. I can never praise Dr. Pierce and his medicine enough. I have recommended it to afflicted ladies wherever I possibly could. I know I would have been dead had it not been for your medicine.

WOMEN TESTIFY TO THIS.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription establishes regularity. It dries unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. Taken as a preparative for maternity it gives physical vigor and the mental courage which comes from a feeling of strength. It encourages the appetite, tranquilizes the nerves and induces refreshing sleep. It makes the baby's advent practically painless, and increases the flow of the nutritive secretion.

"I wish to advise the suffering women of this great land, of the good I have received from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery,'" writes Mrs. Mary Shapell, of Columbus Grove, Putnam Co., Ohio. "For four years I had been a sufferer from female troubles, and at times was unable to do even the household work for three in the family. I had such pains that I suffered almost death dozens of times, but after taking six bottles of your medicine I can truly say that my health was greatly improved. I have a good appetite and am gaining in flesh right along. This spring is the first time in five years that I have done my house cleaning all by myself and without the least fatigue whatever. I hope all suffering women may find relief as I have done."

"My gain in weight has been just ten pounds, and I am still gaining."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. All correspondence confidentially conducted and womanly confidences guarded by strict professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The offer of free consultation by letter made by Dr. Pierce is not to be classed with the misleading offers of free medical advice, made by those who have neither medical education nor experience. Anyone may offer "medical advice," but the medical advice of an unqualified person, either man or woman, is not only worthless but may be dangerous. As chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., with an associate staff of nearly a score of physicians, Dr. Pierce is enabled to offer to those who consult him by letter free, a medical experience and success which has no superior.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and every other narcotic. This perfect freedom from all injurious ingredients makes "Favorite Prescription" the ideal tonic for nursing mothers and all weak "run-down" women.

If a dealer tries to sell a substitute in place of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription it is because less meritorious medicines pay a little more profit to the dealer. If you want to be well you want to insist on the medicine which has cured other women, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

WHAT IT IS WORTH.

Annie Barnett, of Hiltop, Fisher Co., Texas, says, "Will say I like my 'Medical Adviser' so much; it is worth its weight in gold."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser containing 1,008 pages and over 700 illustrations is sent entirely free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Child Locates Hell.

JERSEY CITY, June 8.—Judge Blair, sitting in the Hudson county court of general session in Jersey City Wednesday, ruled, some lawyers hold, that hell is at Union Hill. The case was one of assault, Edward Wylie being the defendant. Emma Gankoff, aged 8, was put on the witness stand.

"Her testimony is incompetent," cried Wylie's lawyer. "She doesn't know the nature of an oath."

"We'll see," said Judge Blair. Turning to the witness he inquired:

"Emma, where do little girls who tell lies go to when they die?"

"They go to hell, sir," said the little girl promptly.

"And where is hell?" demanded the prisoner's counsel.

"It's over in Union Hill," responded Emma. "I don't know exactly where, but it's near Schuylken park." Everybody in the court room broke into a roar of laughter.

"You needn't laugh," said the little girl reprovingly, "for I know, I heard a man say the other day he was going out toward Schuylken park to raise hell."

"This witness is thoroughly qualified to testify," said Judge Blair.

—Edward Huss, a well known business man of Salisbury, Mo., writes, "I wish to say for the benefit of others, that I was a sufferer from lumbago and kidney trouble, and all the remedies I took gave me no relief. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure, and after the use of three bottles, I am cured." All druggists.

—It might be interesting for Bellefonters to know that Sam T. Nivling, formerly of the First National bank here, now lives in Buffalo, the Pan-American city, and he and Mrs. Nivling have decided to let a few of the rooms in their home at 351 Auburn avenue to Exposition visitors. It might be a great convenience and pleasure to stay with the Nivlings and if you are going you should write them.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer. Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—Don't growl about the weather. Wait until dog days come.

—Best set of teeth at Dr. Geissingers for \$8.00. d-1m-w-4t

—Oliver Witmer fell and broke his leg Tuesday afternoon while doing some carpenter work at Morris' Armor Gap quarry.

—Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Monarch over pain.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Rider, of Bush Addition are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy to glad and brighten their home.

—Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

—Mr. and Mrs. Howard Crain, formerly of this place, but now of Altoona are mourning the loss of an infant daughter. The funeral occurred Sunday afternoon. Interment at Altoona.

—Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store 50 cents.

—The State College scrub team played a game of base ball Saturday afternoon on Beaver Field with the Bellefonte Academy nine which resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 8 to 3.

—Bill car no 1 arrived here Tuesday morning and the city and the surrounding county was billed for the John Robinson show, which will exhibit in Bellefonte June 25th. There were twenty men with the car.

—Governor Stone may send to the Senate during the week the last of his recent appointments for confirmation. The list includes Banking Commissioner Reeder, Major General Miller, Secretary of Agriculture Hamilton and Insurance Commissioner Durban.

—The John Robinson's ten big shows, which will exhibit on the glass work's meadow Tuesday, June 25, will arrive in Bellefonte early Tuesday morning from Lock Haven. It will require forty-two cars to transport the circus—thirty freight cars, nine passenger coaches, one elephant car and two advertising cars.

—The Presbyterian church was crowded Sunday evening to listen to a sermon from the eloquent lips of Dr. Lawrence M. Coffelt of Philadelphia. The sermon was delivered in the Doctor's usual excellent style and held the attention of his large audience completely. While the sermon contained much of value for the older people yet it was especially directed to young men who could take a valuable lesson from the learned discourse of the preacher.

—A disgraceful fight occurred Sunday afternoon between some men over a game of poker they were indulging in. The fight occurred just on the boundary line between Benner and Spring townships, and as a result Patsy Bathurst received several ugly cuts from a knife. Such affairs are a disgrace to the community and the authorities should investigate the matter and take some steps to put a stop to such occurrences in the future.

—R. B. Taylor's gray team, driven by Sant Wilson, ran away Wednesday about 2 o'clock creating considerable excitement. They were coming out of the alley near the Methodist church when the horses became frightened at a dog and ran out Spring street to Brockerhoff's corner where, in making the turn, they struck the mail box and smashed it to pieces. The driver stuck to the lines pluckily and finally succeeded in stopping the horses on Bishop street near the Hang hotel.

ROBERTS-MARKLE.

Pretty Wedding Celebration in the Evangelical Church Tuesday Evening.

A very pretty wedding was celebrated Tuesday evening in the Evangelical church on Willowbank Street, the contracting parties being Samuel Roberts and Miss Minnie Markle, both of Bellefonte. The ceremony was public and the little church was crowded to the doors by the many friends of the young people.

Samuel D. Gettiff acted as best man and Miss Ella Miller was bridesmaid. The ushers were D. O. Hazel, C. B. Newcomer, James Shook and Clarence Longacre.

The wedding party proceeded up the main aisle to the music of the wedding march as played by Prof. Philip H. Meyer.

Rev. W. H. Brown, pastor of the church, pronounced the words that made the happy young couple man and wife.

As soon as the ceremony was over Mr. and Mrs. Roberts were driven to the P. R. R. depot where they took the train east for a short wedding tour. There was a large crowd at the station to see them off. Mr. Roberts is in the employ of the Pennsylvania Match Company and is an industrious young man while his bride is a most worthy young lady.

THE CLASS OF 1901.

The 18th Annual Commencement of the Bellefonte High School.

The eighteenth annual Commencement exercises of the Bellefonte High School were held in Garman's opera house Thursday afternoon and evening and everything passed off in the most successful manner. The attendance both afternoon and evening was quite large in spite of the inclemency of the weather.

The graduating class was composed of fourteen members and they can certainly congratulate themselves on the success of their efforts. The essays and orations delivered by the young ladies and gentlemen all showed careful thought and preparation and were delivered in excellent style.

The afternoon exercises began at 2:30 o'clock. When the curtain arose a very pretty sight was presented. The class was seated in a semi-circle around the stage and at their right sat their instructors, Prof. John D. Meyer, Prof. W. F. Keintze, Miss Ella Levy and Prof. David O. Etters. The stage was handsomely decorated for the occasion. At the rear of the stage was draped a huge American flag. The High School colors red and white and the class colors orange and blue hung gracefully from front and the sides of the stage while over the centre hung the class motto "from the life of school, to the school of life." Potted plants and flowers in great profusion were banked at either side of the stage lending beauty to the scene.

The exercises were opened by Rev. T. W. Perks who invoked God's blessing on the exercises of the afternoon and evening.

The music for the occasion was furnished by a capable orchestra under the leadership of Mr. Christy Smith. Many excellent selections were rendered.

The speakers were introduced by Prof. Meyer, the principal of the school, the following program being rendered.

Salutatory and Essay—"The Hand Divine" Phinnette C. Jones.
Oration—"Aerial Navigation" Benjamin L. Brown.
Oration—"City Fire Departments" Charles W. Thomas.
Class History Adaline Oelwein.
Oration—"Russian Siberia" John W. Walpo.
Essay—"The American Theater" H. Madilla Williams.
Oration—"The Strength of Our Navy" Walter C. Armstrong.
Oration—"The New Mediterranean" J. Bert Houtz.
Essay—"Martyrdom for Truth" Mame M. Woods.
Class Prophecy Wilber D. Tetmire.
Oration—"Marvels of Electricity" Orisan A. Ishler.
Eulogy—"Thaddeus Stevens" Lula E. Kine.
Oration—"Our Nation's Unselfishness" Lee H. Walker.
Essay—"Origin and Value of Photography" and Valuedictory Daisy I. Barnes.

The evening exercises began at 8:30 and after a selection by the orchestra, D. F. Fortney Esq., President of the school board introduced the orator of the evening, William H. Keller, Esq., of Lancaster, who delivered the annual Commencement address. Mr. Keller, himself, is a product of what the Bellefonte High school can do in the way of turning out bright men, for 17 years ago he was one of the members of the first class ever graduated from that school. He is a son of the late D. S. Keller, who during his life time was one of the leading members of the Centre county bar. After graduating from the High school he continued his studies at the Bellefonte Academy and later graduated from Franklin & Marshall College. He studied law and is now one of the leading lawyers at the Lancaster county bar. He received an enthusiastic welcome on arising to speak and his address was one of the most brilliant efforts ever listened to on an occasion of this kind. He held the attention of his audience from start to finish. He spoke for almost an hour and gave an eloquent discourse which delighted all present.

Mr. Fortney then made an excellent address full of good advice to the young graduates after which he presented each with their diploma and awarded the prizes.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office unclaimed for June 10th, 1901:

Gertie Boob, Anna Breon, Miss Baumgardner, Mirion Coldran, Miss E. Hill, Sam'l J. Knisler, F. C. Litterman, H. V. Roobk "nurse", Max Taylor, Mrs. Mary Toner, T. H. Weston, Ferotha Way (2) Mrs. T. G. Wilson.

When called for please say advertised. W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

Arrived Home With His Horse.

Liveryman Charles Duke arrived home from Milesburg, Centre county, Saturday morning with his horse and buggy, which was stolen about three weeks ago by John Smith. The fellow a few days after leaving here stopped at Kohlbecker's hotel, and stayed there a day, and then jumped out without paying for his board, leaving the horse and buggy behind. Mr. Duke secured his team by paying \$20 for its keeping.—Altoona Tribune.

—For forty years Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been curing summer complaint, dysentery, diarrhoea, bloody flux, pain in the stomach; and it has never yet failed to do everything claimed for it.

A BRILLIANT SOCIAL EVENT.

Was the Academy Reception and Tea Held Friday Night.

The Bellefonte Academy, the school on the hill, was the scene Friday evening of a most brilliant social event, the occasion being the annual reception and tea which marks the close of another successful year at this well known school of learning. This event which has only come in vogue of late years has now come to be looked forward to with remarkable interest and pleasure by the students, friends and patrons of the Academy. Old students who have not met for years come together and recall old reminiscences of the delightful school days, now past and gone, and renew acquaintances that might otherwise be forgotten.

Another fact that adds interest to the occasion is that it marks the close of the 33rd year of the principalship of Rev. James P. Hughes and the 49th year of his career as a teacher. It was away back in 1850 that he graduated from Princeton College and he immediately took up the life work which he has carried on so successfully.

The reception last d from 7:30 until 10 o'clock and people were constantly coming and going over five hundred being in attendance. The students and their parents, former students and friends and patrons of the institution were represented among those present. The scene presented when the reception was at its height was indeed a brilliant one. The grounds were illuminated with many Japanese lanterns and the large veranda in front of the main building was also lighted up with Japanese lanterns and decorated with the Academy colors, gold and white and trimmed with ferns, mock orange blossoms and laurel. The whole lower floor of the Academy was turned into two large rooms, one as a reception room and the other for serving tea and light refreshments. These rooms were trimmed in a manner similar to the porch. The work of decorating was performed by the young lady students of the school.

At the southern corner of the porch Christy Smith's orchestra was stationed behind a bank of potted plants, palms, ferns etc., and discoursed delightful music. As the guests arrived they were met by a committee of young men composed as follows: John Van Pelt, John Munson, Harry Stevens and James Furst who escorted them to the reception room where they were presented to Prof. Hughes and his son James R. who were assisted in receiving by the following ladies: Mrs. James R. Hughes, Miss Carrie A. Lawrence, Miss Helen Overton, Miss Edith Wertz, Mrs. Morris J. Babb, Miss Ottilie Hughes and Miss Jeanette Kuhn, the last named from Maryland. The guests were cordially greeted and everyone was made to feel welcome and all passed a most pleasant evening.

During the evening a quartette composed of the following young men: Meers, Russel, Greenly, McGee and Hughes sang several selections very sweetly. The high school graduating class were in attendance and the pleasant feeling existing between the schools was made manifest by the cordiality of the greeting tendered them. At the close of the reception a dance was held in the Bush Arcade hall which was attended by about fifty couples. Christy Smith's orchestra furnished the music.

WELCOME TO THE 47th.

A Permanent Organization Formed to Arrange for Their Reception.

Pursuant to the call issued by Burgess Blanchard a meeting was held in the Court House Monday evening at 8 o'clock to arrange for welcoming home Centre county soldier boys who are members of the 47th Reg. now on their way home from two years of campaigning in the Philippines.

The celebration was decided upon and it is to be under the auspices of the veterans of '61 to '65. It is expected that the soldier boys will reach Bellefonte about the first week in August.

The committee on permanent organization has reported the following officers and heads of committee: Gen. James A. Beaver, chairman; Chas. R. Kurts, secretary; Edmund Blanchard, reception, Col. Austin Curtin, parade; Gen. Jno. I. Curtin, marshal; S. B. Miller, fireworks; D. F. Fortney, speakers; S. H. Williams, music; G. W. Rees, advance; James Harris, finance.

Died at Milesburg.

Mrs. Elizabeth Eslington, widow of the late Caleb Eslington, died Thursday at 5 a. m., at her home in Milesburg. She had been in ill health for the past 2 years and had suffered from 2 strokes of paralysis in that time. This finally so weakened her constitution that death resulted.

Deceased was about 70 years of age and is survived by 3 sons, Caleb K. Wm., and John, all grown to manhood and residing at Milesburg. She was held in high esteem by the community and was a member of the Presbyterian church.

—A fast train was delayed one hour between Harvey and Lemert, N. D., while coming east recently. The loss between these two stations, which are only 31 miles apart, was caused by the Russian thistles which were piled along the track.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for \$1.25.

DEATH OF MRS. JOEL H. JOHNSON.

Passed Away Saturday Evening at Her Home on East Bishop Street.

Lydia Cordelia, wife of Joel H. Johnson, died at her home on East Bishop street, Saturday evening at ten minutes of eight. Deceased had been an invalid for a long time, having been stricken helpless by paralysis almost ten years ago. Her death on Saturday night was very peaceful and is believed to have been the result of a second stroke of paralysis.

She was born in Newberry, Lycoming county, 72 years ago, and her maiden name was Lydia Cordelia Reynolds. She was a daughter of John Reynolds and a full cousin of the late Major William F. Reynolds, of this place. When she was 18 years of age her parents moved to Hubersburg, Centre county, and at this place she was united in marriage to Joel H. Johnson on the 13th of December, 1853. Fourteen years ago the Johnson family located in this place where they have resided ever since.

Mrs. Johnson was a sincere christian lady and an earnest member of the Methodist church, having united with that body when but thirteen years of age.

She is survived by her husband, Joel H. Johnson, and the following children: John Curtis, Milton, Harry, Mrs. W. C. Coxey, Emma and Ella, all of Bellefonte. She also leaves one brother, John M. Reynolds, of Carlisle, Iowa.

The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home on East Bishop street. Rev. Wilford P. Shriner officiating. Interment in the Union cemetery.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

Mary M. Gance et baron to Julia E. Blackburn, April 23, 1884, strip of ground in Phillipsburg. Consideration \$5,000.

Julia E. Blackburn et baron to Charles Council, June 3, 1901, property in Phillipsburg. Consideration \$1,800.

Thos. A. Shoemaker et ux to Celia Haesinger, Nov. 25, 1899, lot in Spring twp. Consideration \$125.

Wm. Muser's exrs. to Jacob S. Reed et al March 25, 1901, 6 acres in Ferguson twp. Consideration \$360.

Carrie Oman to Sarah M. McClenahan, April 1, 1901, 2 lots in Centre Hall. Consideration \$1,350.

J. Y. Dale et ux to Frances L. Houtz, July 15, 1884, lot in College twp. Con. \$900.

Mary E. Garbrick et al to Franklin Houser, June 3, 1901, lot in Spring twp. Consideration \$700.

John W. Miller to Jacob S. Reed et al May 25, 1901, strip of land in Ferguson twp. Consideration \$30.

J. H. Taylor to Mary E. Treaster, Sept. 19, 1898, 5 acres in Potter twp. Consideration \$1.

Moses Thompson et ux to Frances L. Houtz, Jan. 12, 1885, 31 perches in College twp. Consideration \$38.75.

Frank Weber et al to Phillipsburg council No. 279 O. of U. A. M., April 26, 1901, lot in Phillipsburg. Consideration \$500.

Perry T. McKinney et al to Hetty W. Landis et al, Sept. 1900, 3 acres in Potter twp. Consideration \$175.

Wm. T. Markle to M. T. Faxon, May 17, 1900, lot in Bellefonte. Consideration \$150.

W. C. Kreamer to R. H. Kreamer May 20, 1901, lot in Milesburg. Consideration \$110.

John W. Gray to John I. Gray & interest in 2 tracts in Worth twp. Consideration \$700.

Wm. F. Reynolds et ux to Thomas A. Shoemaker July 5, 1899, & interest in land in Spring twp. Consideration \$684.97.

Death of Mrs. David Rhinestmith.

Mrs. David Rhinestmith died at her home on the old Boalsburg pike, near this place, Wednesday evening, June 5th, about 9 o'clock. Death was due to heart trouble from which she had been ailing for some time.

Deceased, whose maiden name was Mary Mothersbaugh, was born in Millfin county about 66 years ago. She was the daughter of the late Daniel Mothersbaugh. She was an earnest member of the Reformed church and enjoyed the respect of the community in which she lived.

She is survived by her husband, David Rhinestmith, and 3 children, namely: Daniel, of Clearfield, Wm. of Bellefonte and Beale at home.

Three brothers and 4 sisters also survive as follows: Amanda, of Sunbury; Mrs. Sosie Lenker, of Renovo; Mrs. Sarah Hartwick, of Altoona; Mrs. Priscilla Glenn, Lemont; Owen of Boalsburg; Dr. H. H., of Beech Creek and Mack, of Renovo.

The funeral took place Saturday morning at 9 o'clock from her late residence. Interment in the Union cemetery.

Marriage Not a Failure.

There is one couple in Pennsylvania that evidently does not consider marriage a failure, judging from the numerous matrimonial ventures of the twain. Recently Rev. J. K. Mendenhall, of Coopers-town, a superannuated Methodist minister, aged 73 years, and Mrs. Margaret McCabe, aged 70 years, were united in marriage. Rev. Mendenhall was previously married 5 times and this is the fourth venture for the bride.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Robert Morris spent Sunday in Tyrone. Charles Cruse transacted business in Tyrone Thursday.

Col. E. J. Pruner, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Al S. Garman, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Cobick, are visiting friends in McElhattan.

Miss Mary Bottorf, of Pine Grove Mills is visiting friends in Altoona.

W. W. Swengle, of this place, transacted business in Altoona Friday.

F. W. Crider returned home Saturday from a business trip to eastern cities.

Miss Blanche Smith is taking in the gaities of Commencement week at State College.

Mrs. Evelyn Rogers is attending the Commencement exercises at State College this week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Leisler, of Renovo, spent Sunday with their daughter at Boalsburg.

Ex-County Superintendent D. M. Wolf, of Spring Mills, transacted business in town Friday.

Mrs. Emeline Hugg, of Phillipsburg, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Walter Smith, at Milesburg.

Robert Garman, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte at the home of his father Daniel Garman.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Gardner arrived home Monday from a short trip to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Mr. Herbert M. Bacon Special Agent of the Union Fire Ins. Co. of Philadelphia, spent Sunday at this place.

Miss Mildred Smith departed Friday for Philadelphia where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Thomas Seixas.

Miss Kate Shogert, who is a student at Bryn Mawr College, has arrived home to spend her summer vacation.

Mrs. Joseph Kelly, of Beaver Falls, Pa., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Johnson, of West Linn street.

Frank E. Nagney departed Sunday afternoon for Boston to attend the annual convocation of Heptastrophe in that city.

Mr. Warren C. Greenly, of Butler, Pa., was a guest of the boys at the Bellefonte Academy for several days last week.

Mrs. Thomas Rothrock, widow of the late Dr. Rothrock, of Eagleville, was a business visitor to Bellefonte Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray Andrews are going to England to be gone six months. They will sail on the 15th of this month.

John T. Harris, manager of the Bell telephone exchange at Phillipsburg, spent Sunday at his parents' home in this place.

Miss Cameron Burnside who had been visiting her mother at Howard, returned to her home in Philadelphia Wednesday.

Victor Royer, of Spring Mills, passed through Bellefonte Thursday on his way to Tyrone to attend the Epworth League convention.

W. M. Bottorf, of Bellefonte, and Frank H. Clemson, of Scotia, were registered at the Logan House Altoona on Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary Jacobs and daughter, Rebecca, were guests last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Crider, on West Linn street.

Dr. J. K. Stites, who has been at Hazleton for the past six weeks, returned on Monday and has resumed his practice at his old office.

Miss Jennie Koontz of this place, departed Monday for Latrobe to be present at the wedding of her friend, Miss Minnie Allen, formerly of Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hazel departed Friday for their home at Niagara Falls after a ten day's visit to Mr. Hazel's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Hazel, of Axe Mann.

John S. Forst, of Williamsport, Secretary and Auditor of the Central Pennsylvania Telephone Co., was in Bellefonte Tuesday on business connected with the local exchange.

Edward and Theodore Haupt, who have been conducting a cigar store and factory at Milton, have sold out their business there and have returned to their homes in this place.

Mrs. Mordacia Jackson and Col. and Mrs. W. F. Reeder, of this place, attended the wedding at Curwensville Friday of Miss Honora Patton, daughter of the late Hon. John Patton to Dr. Edmund Louis Gros, of Paris.

Miss Georgia Ellis, of Williamsport, was a guest Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Kromrine, of South Allegheny street. She was on her way to State College where she is attending the Commencement exercises this week.

Miss Daisy Barnes, who graduated this year from the Bellefonte High school and was valedictorian of her class, left Saturday for Lock Haven where she will enter the State Normal school. Miss Barnes will complete the present term there and in September will enter the Senior class at that institution.

Miss May Taylor, after finishing a most successful term of teaching school, departed on Monday for a well deserved rest and vacation in the city of Rochester, N. Y., where she will spend some time as the guest of Mrs. Daniel Clark, better known in Bellefonte as Lulu Hoy. She will then spend the rest of her vacation at Butler, Pa., where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Bouser.

Hard P. Harris is home from a visit to Philadelphia.

Leo J. Hopton, of Snow Shoe, was a Tyrone visitor Monday.

Hon. A. O. Furst transacted business in Tyrone Wednesday.

E. R. Chambers Esq., transacted business in Altoona Tuesday.

J. S. McCarger, mingled with his Tyrone friends on Wednesday.

Miss Rebecca Blanchard arrived home last week from Philadelphia.

William Grauer, of Altoona, transacted business in Bellefonte Monday.

Deputy Sheriff Harry Jackson, was a Philadelphia visitor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Rickart, of Milesburg, are visiting friends at their old home at Phillipsburg.

John J. Bower, democratic county chairman, transacted business in Clearfield Tuesday.

Miss Lulu Meek and George R. Meek are taking in the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

Judge John G. Love is assisting Judge Barker, of Cambria county in holding court this week.

Edmund W. Miller, of Waterloo, Iowa, is visiting his uncle, John C. Miller, on Allegheny street.

Will VanTries, son of Dr. T. A. VanTries, arrived home Monday evening from Princeton College.

James H. Potter, of the hardware firm of Potter & Hoy, spent Monday in Altoona and Huntington.

Miss Jennie Morrison, who has been teaching school in Phillipsburg is at home for her summer vacation.

Miss Mary Flannigan, of Mill Hall, spent Sunday as the guest of her friend, Miss Nell Burns, at Howard.

Gen. James A. Beaver journeyed to State College Monday afternoon to attend the Commencement exercises.

Miss Louise Valentine has returned home from an extended visit to Philadelphia, Downingtown and other cities.

Miss Elizabeth Blanchard an instructor in one of the schools at Bryn Mawr, has arrived home for her summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pickle, of Altoona, spent Sunday in Bellefonte with Mrs. Pickle's sister Mrs. Samuel Guilewhite.

Edward P. Butts and wife of Springfield, Mass., are taking in the Commencement exercises at State College this week.

Miss Mand Woomer of Bishop street, who has been visiting in Millheim for several weeks returned home Wednesday.

Ex-Governor D. H. Hastings and Col. J. L. Spangler left Monday to look after their coal interest in Cambria county.

Mrs. Fred Baldwin, of West Chester, was the guest Monday of this week at the home of W. H. Crisman, of North Thomas street.

Mrs. W. B. Lansberry, of Phillipsburg, is visiting friends in Bellefonte. She will also visit Centre Hall and Williamsport ere returning home.

District Attorney W. I. Swoope, and Mrs. Swoope of Clearfield are visiting at the home of Col. James P. Coburn, on North Allegheny street.

Judge Cyrus Gordon, of Clearfield, passed through Bellefonte Monday afternoon enroute to State College to attend the Commencement exercises.

Miss Elizabeth J. Stroop, of Milesburg, departed on Tuesday for Philadelphia, where she will spend a few weeks with the family of the late Rev. W. O. Wright.

Miss Annie Smith, daughter of ex-Prothonotary Wm. F. Smith, of Millheim, attended the High school Commencement exercises at this place last week. While in Bellefonte she was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Bair, on East Bishop street.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter Lyon and little daughter, and Miss Ella Thomas, who have been in Philadelphia for the past week or more and attended the commencement of the Bryn Mawr College at which Miss Grace Mitchell graduated, returned home Monday night.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey.

Isaiah William Vonada and Agnes Wance, both of Ansonburg.

Robert C. Young and Elizabeth F. Beale, both of Phillipsburg.